Environmental Protection Report

North Devon Coast and Lyn Catchment River Water Quality Classification 1991

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RIVER WATER QUALITY IN THE NORTH DEVON COAST AND LYN CATCHMENT

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National Rivers Authority South West Region



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North Devon Coast & Lyn Catchment

1. INTRODUCTION

Monitoring to assess the quality of river waters is undertaken in thirty-four catchments within the region. As part of this monitoring programme samples are collected routinely from selected monitoring points at a pre-determined frequency per year, usually twelve spaced at monthly intervals. Each monitoring point provides data for the water quality of a river reach (in kilometres) upstream of the monitoring point.

Each water sample collected from each monitoring point is analysed for a range of chemical and physical constituents or properties known as determinands. The analytical results for each sample are entered into a computer database called the Water Quality Archive.

Selected data are accessed from the Archive so that the quality of each river reach can be determined based on a River Classification System developed by the National Water Council (NWC), (7.1).

This report presents the river water quality classification for 1991 for monitored river reaches in the North Devon Coast and Lyn catchment.

2. NORTH DEVON COAST AND LYN CATCHMENT

The Lee Stream (3.2 km), Hele Stream (3.6 km), River Sterridge (6.7 km), River Umber (5.1 km) and River Heddon (8.3 km) were all monitored at one location situated in the lower reaches. These sites were each sampled at approximately monthly intervals.

The East Lyn and West Wilder Brook flow over a distance of 15.9 km and 4.3 km respectively from their source to the tidal limit, (Appendix 8.1). Water quality was monitored at monthly intervals at two locations on each of these watercourses. One of the sites on the West Wilder Brook was located at Lower Slade Reservoir.

The following three tributaries were sampled at approximately monthly intervals : Farley Water, Badgeworthy Water, Barbrook and West Lyn.

2.1 SECONDARY TRIBUTARIES

The West Lyn River (8.2 km), Farley Water (7.6 km) and Badgeworthy Water (9.4 km) were monitored at one location in their lower reaches between their source and the confluence with the East Lyn River, (Appendix 8.1).

2.2 TERTIARY TRIBUTARIES

The Barbrook flows over a distance of 7.0 km from its source to the confluence with the West Lyn River, (Appendix 8.1) and was monitored at one location in the lower reaches.

Each sample was analysed for a minimum number of determinands, (Appendix 8.2) plus additional determinands based on local knowledge of the catchment. In addition, at selected sites, certain metal analyses were carried out.

The analytical results from all of these samples have been entered into the Water Quality Archive and can be accessed through the Water Resources Act Register, (7.3).

3. NATIONAL WATER COUNCIL'S RIVER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

3.1 River Quality Objectives

> In 1978 River Quality Objectives (RQOs) were assigned to all river lengths that were part of the routine monitoring network and to those additional watercourses, which were not part of the routine network, but which received discharges of effluents.

For the majority of watercourses long term objectives were identified based on existing and assumed adequate quality for the long term protection of the watercourse. In a few instances short term objectives were identified but no timetable for the achievement of the associated long term objective was set.

The RQOs currently in use in the River Lyn catchment are identified in Appendix 8.1.

3.2 River Quality Classification

River water quality is classified using the National Water Council's (NWC) River Classification System (see Appendix 8.3), which identifies river water quality as being one of five quality classes as shown in Table 1 below:

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Table 1 - National Water Council - River Classification System

Description
Good quality
Lesser good quality
Fair quality
Poor quality
Bad quality

Using the NWC system, the classification of river water quality is based on the values of certain determinands as arithmetic means or as 95 percentiles (5 percentiles are used for pH and dissolved oxygen) as indicated in Appendices 8.4 and 8.4.1.

The quality classification system incorporates some of the European Inland Fisheries Advisory Commission (EIFAC) criteria (Appendix 8.3) recommended for use by the NWC system.

4. 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION

Analytical data collected from monitoring during 1989, 1990 and 1991 were processed through a computerised river water quality classification programme. This resulted in a quality class being assigned to each monitored river reach as indicated in Appendix 8.5.

The quality class for 1991 can be compared against the appropriate River Quality Objective and previous annual quality classes (1985-1990) also based on three years combined data, for each river reach in Appendix 8.5.

The river water classification system used to classify each river length is identical to the system used both in 1985 and 1990 for the Department of the Environment's Quinquennial River Quality Surveys. The determinand classification criteria used to determine the annual quality classes in 1985, subsequent years and for 1991 are indicated in Appendices 8.4 and 8.4.1.

The river quality classes for 1991 of monitored river reaches in the catchment are shown in map form in Appendix 8.6.

The calculated determinand statistics for pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), total ammonia, un-ionised ammonia, suspended solids, copper and zinc from which the quality class was determined for each river reach, are indicated in Appendix 8.7.

5. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH QUALITY OBJECTIVES

Those monitored river reaches within the catchment, which do not comply with their assigned (RQO), are shown in map form in Appendix 8.8.

Appendix 8.9 indicates the number of samples analysed for each determinand over the period 1989 to 1991 and the number of sample results per determinand, which exceed the determinand quality standard.

For those non-compliant river reaches in the catchment, the extent of exceedance of the calculated determinand statistic with the relevant quality standard (represented as a percentage), is indicated in Appendix 8.10.

6. GLOSSARY OF TERMS

RIVER REACH A segment of water, upstream from sampling point to the next sampling point. RIVER LENGTH River distance in kilometres. RIVER QUALITY OBJECTIVE That NWC class, which protects the most sensitive use of the water. 95 percentiles Maximum limits, which must be met for at least 95% of the time. 5 percentiles Minimum limits, which must be met for at least 95% of the time. BIOLOGICAL OXYGEN DEMAND A standard test measuring the microbial (5 day carbonaceous ATU) uptake of oxygen - an estimate of organic pollution. pН A scale of acid to alkali. UN-IONISED AMMONIA Fraction of ammonia poisonous to fish, NH³. SUSPENDED SOLIDS Solids removed by filtration or centrifuge under specific conditions. USER REFERENCE NUMBER Reference number allocated to a sampling point. INFERRED STRETCH Segment of water, which is not monitored and whose water quality classification

7. REFERENCES

Reference

7.1 National Water Council (1977). River Water Quality: The Next Stage. Review of Discharge Consent Conditions. London.

upstream.

is assigned from the monitored reach

- 7.2 Water Resources Act 1991 Section 190.
- 7.3 Alabaster J. S. and Lloyd R. Water Quality Criteria for Freshwater Fish, 2nd edition, 1982. Butterworths.

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Appendix 8.1

BASIC DETERMINAND ANALYTICAL SUITE FOR ALL CLASSIFIED RIVER SITES

pH as pH Units Conductivity at 20 C as uS/cm Water temperature (Cel) Oxygen dissolved % saturation Oxygen dissolved as mg/1 OBiochemical oxygen demand (5 day total ATU) as mg/1 O Total organic carbon as mg/l C Nitrogen ammoniacal as mq/1 N Ammonia un-ionised as mg/l N Nitrate as mq/1 N Nitrite as mg/l N Suspended solids at 105 C as mg/l Total hardness as mg/l CaCO3 Chloride as mq/1 Cl Orthophosphate (total) as mg/l P Silicate reactive dissolved as mg/1 SiO2 Sulphate (dissolved) as mg/1 SO4 Sodium (total) as mg/l Na Potassium (total) as mg/l K Magnesium (total) as mg/1 Mg Calcium (total) as mg/1 Ca Alkalinity as pH 4.5 as mg/l CaCO3

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NWC RIVER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

River Class		Quality criteria		Remarks	Curren	t potential uses
		Class limiting criteria (95 percenti	1e)			
1A Good Quality	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	Dissolved oxygen saturation greater than 80% Biochemical oxygen demand not greater than 3 mg/l Ammonia not greater than 0.4 mg/l Where the water is abstracted for drinking water, it complies with requirements for A2* water Non-toxic to fish in EIFAC terms (or best estimates if EIFAC figures not available)	(i) (ii)	Average BOD probably not greater than 1.5 mg/l Visible evidence of pollution should be absent	(i) (ii) (iii)	Water of high quality suitable for potable supply abstractions and for all abstractions Game or other high class fisheries Wigh amenity value
18 Good Quality	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	DO greater than 50% saturation BOD not greater than 5 mg/l Ammonia not greater than 0.9 mg/l Where water is abstracted for drinking water, it complies with the requirements for A2* water Non-toxic to fish in EIFAC terms (or best estimates if EIFAC figures not available)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	Average BOD probably not greater than 2 mg/l Average ammonia probably not greater than 0.5 mg/l Visible evidence of pollution should be absent Waters of high quality which cannot be placed in Class 1A because of the high proportion of high quality effluent present or because of the effect of physical factors such as canalisation, low gradient or eutrophication Class 1A and Class 1B together are essentially the Class 1 of t River Pollution Survey (RPS)	he	Water of less high quality than Class 1A but usable for substantially the same purposes
2 Fair Quality	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	DO greater than 40% saturation BOD not greater than 9 mg/l Where water is abstracted for drinking water it complies with the requirements for A3* water Non-toxic to fish in EIFAC terms (or best estimates if EIFAC figures not available)	(i) (ii) (iii)	Average BOD probably not greater than 5 mg/l Similar to Class 2 of RPS Water not showing physical signs of pollution other than humic colouration and a little foaming below weirs	(i) (ii) (iii)	Waters suitable for potable supply after advanced treatment Supporting reasonably good coarse fisheries Woderate amenity value

3 Poor (i) Quality: (ii) (iii)	DO greater than 10% saturation Not likely to be anaerobic BOD not greater than 17 mg/l. This may not apply if there is a high degree of re-seration	Similar to Class 3 of RPS	Waters which are polluted to an extent that fish are absent only sporadically present. May be used for low grade industrial abstraction purposes. Considerable potential for further use if cleaned up
4 Bad Quality	Waters which are inferior to Class 3 in terms of dissolved oxygen and likely to be anaerobic at times	Similar to Class 4 of RPS	Waters which are grossly polluted and are likely to cause nuisance
X	DO greater than 10% saturation	4	Insignificant watercourses and ditches not usable, where the objective is simply to prevent nuisance developing

- Notes (a) Under extreme weather conditions (eg flood, drought, freeze-up), or when dominated by plant growth, or by aquatic plant decay, rivers usually in Class 1, 2, and 3 may have BODs and dissolved oxygen levels, or ammonia content outside the stated levels for those Classes. When this occurs the cause should be stated along with analytical results.
 - (b) The BOD determinations refer to 5 day carbonaceous BOD (ATU). Annonia figures are expressed as NHe. **
 - (c) In most instances the chemical classification given above will be suitable. However, the basis of the classification is restricted to a finite number of chemical determinands and there may be a few cases where the presence of a chemical substance other than those used in the classification markedly reduces the quality of the water. In such cases, the quality classification of the water should be down-graded on the basis of biota actually present, and the reasons stated.
 - (d) EIFAC (European Inland Fisheries Advisory Commission) limits should be expressed as 95 percentile limits.
- EEC category A2 and A3 requirements are those specified in the EEC Council directive of 16 June 1975 concerning the Quality of Surface Water intended for Abstraction of Drinking Water in the Wember State.
- ****** Ammonia Conversion Factors

(mg NR(/) to mg N/))

- Class 1A 0.4 mg NH4/1 = 0.31 mg N/1 Class 1B 0.9 mg NH4/1 = 0.70 mg N/1 0.5 mg NH4/1 = 0.39 mg N/1
 - 0.0 #3 HIHA 0.00 #5 HA F

NWC RIVER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

CRITERIA USED BY NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION FOR NON-METALLIC DETERMINANDS

River **Quality Criteria**

Determinand

pH

Class

- **1**A Dissolved oxygen % saturation greater than 80% BOD (ATU) not greater than 3 mg/l 0Total ammonia not greater than 0.31 mg/l N Non-ionised ammonia not greater than 0.021 mg/l N Temperature not greater than 21.5 C pH greater than 5.0 and less than 9.0 Suspended solids not greater than 25 mg/1
- Dissolved oxygen % saturation greater than 60% 1B BOD (ATU) not greater than 5 mg/l 0Total ammonia not greater than 0.70 mg/l NNon-ionised ammonia not greater than 0.021 mg/1 N Temperature not greater than 21.5 C pH greater than 5.0 and less than 9.0 Suspended solids not greater than 25 mg/1
- 2 Dissolved oxygen & saturation greater than 40% BOD (ATU) not greater than 9 mg/1 0Total ammonia not greater than 1.56 mg/l N Non-ionised ammonia not greater than 0.021 mg/l N Temperature not greater than 28 C pH greater than 5.0 and less than 9.0 Suspended solids not greater than 25 mg/1
- 3 Dissolved oxygen % saturation greater than 10% BOD (ATU) not greater than 17 mg/1 0
- Dissolved oxygen % saturation not greater than 10% 4 BOD (ATU) greater than 17 mg/1 0

STATISTICS USED BY NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION

Dissolved oxygen BOD (ATU) Total ammonia Non-ionised ammonia Temperature Suspended solids

Statistic

5 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile 5 percentile 95 percentile arithmetic mean

NWC RIVER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

CRITERIA USED BY NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION FOR METALLIC DETERMINANDS

SOLUBLE COPPER

Total Hardness (mean) mg/l CaCO3	Statistic	Soluble Copper* ug/l Cu Class l Class 2
0 - 10	95 percentile	< = 5 > 5
10 - 50	95 percentile	<pre>< = 22 > 22</pre>
50 - 100	95 percentile	< = 40 > 40
100 - 300	95 percentile	<pre>< = 112 > 112</pre>

*

Total copper is used for classification until sufficient data on soluble copper can be obtained.

TOTAL ZINC

Total Hardness (mean) mg/l CaCO3	Statistic	Total Zinc ug/l Zn Class 1 Class 2 Class 3
0 - 10 10 - 50	95 percentile	$\langle -30 \langle -300 \rangle 300$
50 - 100 100 - 300	95 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile	<pre>< = 200 < = 700 > 700 < = 300 < = 1000 > 1000 < = 500 < = 2000 > 2000</pre>

NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION CATCHMENT: NORTH DEVON COAST AND LYN

1991 Map	PRiver	Reach upstream of	User	National	Reach	Distance	River	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
Position	1		Reference	Grid	Length	from	Quality	NWC	NWC	NWC	NWC	NWC	NWC	EMC
Number	1	I	Nurber	Reference	(kma.)	source	Objective	Class	Class	Class	Class	Class	Class	Class
1	1		Ì	1 1		(km)	1	} :		i 1		1		
1	i	i i	1	i I	1	1						t		
i	i		i	i i	l	Ì				İ		i I		i 1
i	i	i	i	i i	I.	i	i I	Í	İ			t i		i i
1	LEE STREAM	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A001	SS 4798 4650	3.2	3.2	18		i — —	i ——			4	3
i	i	i i	i	i i	1	i	i i		Í	Ì		i i	ĺ	1 1
i	WEST WILDER BROOK	INFLOW, L. SLADE RES. (UNMON. STRETCH)	i	ii	0.8	0.8	18	i	i The second sec			ii	U	U
j 2	WEST WILDER BROOK	LOWER SLADE RESERVOIR	R31A015	SS 5062 4567	0.4	1 1.2	j 1B	Í	Í	İ		i i	2	į 18 į
j 3	WEST WILDER BROOK	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A002	ISS 5178 4777	3.0	4.2	19	i	i	i	İ	i	18	1B
i	WEST WILDER BROOK	MEAN HIGH WATER (INPERRED STRETCH)	i	i i	0.1	4.3	18	i	Ì	i	i i	i i	18	18
i			i	i i		i	i i	i i	i	i i		i i	i	i i
i 4	HELE STREAM	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A003	ISS 5355 4787	3.6	3.6	18	i	i ———			i — — i	2	2
i			i	i i		i	i		Ì	i		i i		i i
i 5	STERRIDGE	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A004	SS 5557 4818	6.7	6.7	18		i	i —— i		i — — i		
i –			1	i. i		i	i –		ì	i	i	i i		i i
i 6	UMBER	PRIOR TO BEACH	1 R31A005	155 5767 4725	5.1	i 5.1	18		i			iì	18	i IN İ
1		(1			i	·		i			i i		i i
7	HEDDON	BELOW TRENTSHOE STREAM CONFLUENCE	1 R31A006	55 6549 4841	7.0	7.0	18	14	i			i — — i	1.	
i	HEDDON	MEAN HIGH WATER (INFERRED STRETCH)	1	1	1.3	8.3	18	14	ì	i		i i	1.	1 14
i		1	i	i i					i			i i		ii
8	WEST LYN	LYN BRIDGE	1 R32A003	155 7198 4854	7.2	7.2	1.4	1.	1.	1	14	1.	2	18
-	WEST LYN	NORMAL TIDAL LIMIT (INFERRED STRETCH)	1	1	1.0	8.2	1	1.	1	1 14	1	1 14	2	18
i			1	i i		1							-	i - i
9	BARBROOK	DEAN	R32A006	SS 7087 4781	6.4	6.4	1.		-		·	i	2	2
-	BARBROOK	WEST LYN CONFLUENCE (INFERRED STRETCH)			0.6	1 7.0	1					i i	2	i 2 i
i			i	i i		1			i			i i	_	i i
i 10	EAST LYN RIVER	LEEFORD	R32A001	155 7697 4829	8.7	8.7	1.0	14	1 12	1	2	18	2	i <u>18</u> i
1 11	EAST LYN RIVER	LYNMOUTH	R32A002	ISS 7240 4946	7.2	15.9	1.	1 1 A	14	1.	1.	i 1.	1.	1 1A I
i			1			1							_	
i <u>12</u>	PARLEY WATER	WATERSMEET	1 R324004	SS 7435 4454	7.5	7.5	1.	18			—	i	LA	14
i	PARLEY WATER	EAST LYN CONFLUENCE (INFERRED STRENCH)]	0.1	7.6	1	18		1		i	18	1 14
			1	i i	•••				i		1.00	i i		
13	BADEWORTHY WATER	MALMSMEAD BRIDGE	B32A005	155 7918 4770	9.0	i 9.0	14	18	i				1A	
	BADGWORTHY WATER	EAST LYN CONFLUENCE (INFERRED STRETCH)	1		0.4	9.4	14	18	i				14	i ni
i	1		i			1								
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Appendix 8 6

NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION 1991 RIVER WHER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION CALCULATED DETERMINAND STRUISTICS USED FOR QUALITY ASSESSMENT CRICHMENT: NORTH DEVON COAST AND LUN

River	Reach upstream of	User	RCO	1	1	Calcul	ated Duty	minen	d Statis	tics us	ed for Q	uality	Assessme	nt									
 		Ref. Number 	 	 g==: CLass	iouer Skile	 pH CLASS	Upper 95%ile	Temp Class	erature 95%ile	 10 C1965) (%) Stile	 800 Class) (AIU) 95%ile	 Total Class	Amonia 95%ile	 Uhion. Class 	Ameria 95%ilo	S.S Class	blids : Mean	Total Class	Opper 95kile	Tota Class	l Tinc 95 tile
 LEE STREPM	FROOR TO BEACH	 R31A001	118	 	7.1	 1A	7.9	- IA	17.7	 	21.6	1	15.7	 3	1.802	1 1A	0.014]A	13.0	, 17 	9.6	14	11.7
i West Willer Brook West Willer Brook	LOWER SLAVE RESERVOIR FRIOR TO BEACH	 R31A015 R31A002 	 18 18	 1A 1A	7.2 7.5	} 1A 1A	8.6 8.0	1A 1A	21.5 18.6	1 1A 1 1A	86.3 90 .5	 1A 1B	3.0 3.4	118 118 114	0.360 0.165	1A 1A 1A	0.010 0.010	 1A 1A	5.1 16.6	AL JA JA	8.5 6.1	1A 1A	9.5 18.7
HELE STREAM	PRIOR TO BEACH	 R31A003	118	AL	ד.ד	1 1	8.2	17	17.7	I IA	80,8	<u>;</u> ;	6.1	i la	0.113	<u>, 17</u>	0.010	I IA	21.3	1 1 A	6.7	i la	37.2
STERRILLE	HRIOR TO BEACH	- R31A004	i 1B	<u>مر</u> اً	7.6	18	8.1	AL	18.0	1A 1	83.9	AL	2.8	<u> 1</u> .	0.244	і м	0.010	<u>і</u> І	15.0	1	5.0	1	8.0
UMBER	HUDR TO BEACH	R31A005	119	1 JA 1	7.7	1A 	8.3	14	17.4	<u>;</u> 1 1	88.4	<u> </u> 	2.9	<u> </u>]}	0.181	<mark>, 1</mark>	0.010	<u> </u> 	11.6	AL I	9.3	1	14.0
HEDDON	HELOW TRENISHOE STREAM CONFLIENCE	 	j 19 I) I A	7.2	1A	8.0	1A	17.0	<u> </u> 	90.9	AL	2.3	AL	0.094	1	0.010	<u> </u> 	7.0	<u>і іл</u>	8.0	11	13.8
WEST LAN	LAN BRODGE	-	<u>, v</u>	AL	7.1	Î IA	7.8	AL	15.9	118	66.8	i IA	2.1	Î IA	0.040	<u> 1</u>	0.010	<u> 1</u>	3.2	AL	10.4	18	11.4
BARGROOK	DEAN	- R32A006	<u>, 17</u>	1A 	7.0	1A 	7.7	1A I	17.7	A	87.3	<u> 1</u>	2.6	1A	0.061	AL	0.010	 	6.1	<u> </u>	47.8	7	47.9
EAST LAN RIVER	LEEFCRD	18324001	<u>i n</u>	<u></u>	7.1	1	8.2	1A	17.0	1	80.1	1.8	4.7	1	0.040	<u> 1</u>	0.010	1	2.4	i -	-	-	——-i
EAST LAN RIVER	LIXNOUTH	R3224002	i DA I	Ι IA I	7.1	j 1A I	8.3	AL	17.0	AI I	85.0	AL I	1.9	j IA I	0.034	j 1X	0.010	1 1	2.2	j 1A I	5.0	17	7.4
FARLEY WRITER	WRITERSMEET	R32AD04	<u> </u> 	1A 	7.1	1A 	7.9	1A 	16.4	AL	90.5	<u> </u> 	2.0	1 18	0.040	1A 	0.010	<u>, y</u>	2.4	AL	5.0	AL .	6.0
BADGHORDHY WRITER	MALMEMEAD BRIDGE	R324005	<u>, 17</u>	גנ <u> </u> 	6.9	1 IA	7.9	<u>, 1</u> 7	17.0	1A 	85.6	<u> </u> 	2.2	1A 	0.043	1A 	0.010	A	2.9	1A 	5.0	74	27.6
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Appendix 8.7

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Appendix 8.8

NYCICIVAL RIVERS ANTHORITY - SOUTH WEST RESION 1991 RIVER WRIER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION NUMBER OF SMPLES (N) AND NUMBER OF SMPLES EXCEEDING QUALITY SUMDARD (F) CRICHMENT: NORTH DEVON COAST AND LAN

River	Reach upstream of	User	EH I	OMBL	pH u	thet	Terper	ature	00	(1)	1 80D (ATU)	Total A	stunia	Union.	Amunia	S.So	lidi	Total	Ciffee	Total	Zinc
		Ref. Number	n	F	1 17	F	I N	۲	N	F	1	F	N	F	 N	F	1 11	7	N	F	N	r
 					 		1		1 		 		1		1		1 1 1		1 1 1			ļ
LEE STREAM	PRIOR TO HEACH	R31A001	32		 32	-	32	-	32	2	32	3	32	3	31	÷	32	4	25		26	-
WEST WELLER BROCK	LOWER SLALE RESERVOIR	R314015	24		24	-	24	1	24	-	24	_	24		18		24	-	24	-	24	
WEST WILLDER BROOK	HRICR 10 BEACH	(R31A002	34	-	34	-	34	-	1 34	-	34	-	34	-	34	-	34	4	28	-	28	
HELE STREAM	FRICE TO BEACH	R31A003	32	-	32	+	32	-	32	-	32	2	32	-	31	-	32	10	26	-	26	
SIERCIDE	PRICE TO BEACH	R31A004	30	_	30	-	 30	-	30	_	30	-	30	-	30	-	30	3	24	-	24	
UMEER	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A005	32		32	-	32	-	32	-	32		32	-	28	-	32	5	28		26	
HELDON	HELOW TRENESHOE STREAM CONFILIENCE	18379000	30	-	30	-	30	-	28	-	30	-	30	-	26	-	30	2	24	-	24	<u> </u>
WEST LAN	L'AN BREIGE	18324003	31	-	31	_	30	_	28	1	31	•	31	_	21	-	31	1	<u>- 31</u>	-	31	
BARERCCK	IEEAN	R324006	32	-	32	-	32		 30	-	32	1	32	-	25	-	32	1	20	1	20	
EAST LIN RIVER		R324001	32		32	-	32	-	30	1	32	1	32	-	26	-	32		10	-	0	
east lyn river	LEANACUTH	R32A002	31	-	31	-	31	-	29	-	1 31	-	j 31.	-	20	-	31	-	31	-	31	-
FARLEY WRITER	WRIERSMEET	18322004	31	-	n	-	<u> </u>	_	29	-	<u>u</u>	-	1 31	-	21	-	31	-	19	-	19	
BADGHORIHY WRITER	jalasa kuka	R324005	33	-	33	1. 1. 1.	33	-	31	-	33	-	33	-	24	-	33	-	21	-	21	

NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION PERCENTAGE EXCEEDENCE OF DETERMINAND STATISTICS FROM QUALITY STANDARDS CATCHMENT: NORTH DEVON COAST AND LYN

River	Reach upstream of	User	ł	PERCENTAGE	EXCEEDENCE OF	STATISTIC	FROM QUALIT	Y STANDARD				
Ì	Ì	Ref.	1	1			1		•	I I		
ĺ		Number	pH Lower	pH Upper	Temperature	DO (%)	BOD (ATU)	Total	Un-ionised	Suspended	Total	Total
		 	6 7	 				Ammonia	Ammonia 	Solids	Copper	Zinc
 		 		l	 		 					
LEE STREAM 	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A001 	-	-	-	64	214	157	-		-	Ē
WEST WILDER BROOK	LOWER SLADE RESERVOIR	R31A015	-	-	- 1		-		-	-	-	
WEST WILDER BROOK	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A002	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
HELE STREAM	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A003		-			22	(- 1	-		-	
STERRIDGE	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A004		-	-		-	-	-		-	
UMBER	PRIOR TO BEACH	R31A005		-	-	-			-	-	-	'i
HEDDON	BELOW TRENTSHOE STREAM CONFLUENCE	R31A006	=	-			-	2. 9 2	-		-	
WEST LYN	LYN BRIDGE	R32A003	1. AN	~		16	-			 	-	
BARBROOK	DEAN	R32A006			-		-	-	-		117	
EAST LYN RIVER	LEEFORD	R32A001		-	·		58		;			i
EAST LYN RIVER	LYNMOUTH	R32A002	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
PARLEY WATER	WATERSMEET	R32A004		-			-	< . 2	-	-	-	
BADGWORTHY WATER	MALNSMEAD BRIDGE	R32A005		-	-	-	-		-		-	

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Appendix 8.10

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