

## Environmental Protection Final Draft Report

# REGIONAL WATER QUALITY MONITORING AND SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMME FOR 1993

# QUALITY INVESTIGATIONS IN CONTROLLED WATERS

June 1993
WQP/93/003
Author: R Smith and N Babbedge
Catchment Scientist and Oceanographer



C.V.M. Davies
Environmental Protection Manager

National Rivers Authority
South West Region

REGIONAL WATER QUALITY MONITORING SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMME FOR 1993

QUALITY INVESTIGATIONS IN CONTROLLED WATERS

TECHNICAL REPORT NO. WQP/93/003

#### SUMMARY

The Freshwater and Tidal Waters Investigation Teams carry out non-routine water quality monitoring. Work programmes are targeted at determining the cause of non-compliance with quality standards and assessing the extent of impact of certain discharges on receiving waters.

A total of 4,980 water samples and 1,420 biological samples are estimated to be collected in 1993. Since it is not possible to estimate the number of determinands to be analysed, the Laboratory Controller has agreed a laboratory workload quota of equivalent to 2.6 analysts (FTE).

Full details of the work programme are given in the report.

DR R P SMITH Catchment Scientist

N BABBEDGE Oceanographer

June 1993

ENVIRONMENT AGENCY

#### CONTENTS

#### 1. INTRODUCTION TO THE 1993 PROGRAMME

#### 2. WORK PROGRAMME

- 2.1. Freshwater Investigation Team
- 2.2. Tidal Waters Investigation Unit

#### 3. SAMPLING BREAKDOWN

- 3.1. Freshwater Investigation Team
- 3.2. Tidal Waters Investigation Unit
- 4. EXPLANATION OF SCHEDULE
- 5. ENDORSEMENT

## REGIONAL WATER QUALITY MONITORING AND SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMME FOR 1993 QUALITY INVESTIGATION IN CONTROLLED WATERS.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION TO THE 1993 PROGRAMME

The quality investigations programme covers the non-routine aspects of water quality monitoring, with the exception of the majority of pollution events which are handled by Pollution Control staff.

The Freshwater Investigations Team (FWIT) was set up to fulfil the following functions:-

- (a) The assessment of the causes of non-compliance with standards relating to EC Directives. For example, the River Venn investigation in respect of the EC Freshwater Fish Directive.
- (b) The assessment of the causes of non-compliance with standards relating to Statutory Water Quality Objectives and River Quality Objectives. For example, the Alphin Brook Investigation.
- (c) Impact assessment studies to assess the extent of impact of certain discharges on the receiving watercourse. For example, impact assessment of Meldon Quarry.
- (d) Impact assessment of storm sewer overflows on water quality and to priority rate their impact for the setting of new consents.
- (e) Performance appraisal of discharges for inland sewage treatment works in SWWS Ltd capital improvement programme.
- (f) Involvement with major regional projects assessing the impact of contaminated land and the disused mines on water quality. For example, impact assessment of Wheal Jane Mine on watercourses in the Carnon Valley.
- (g) The development, operating and maintenance of continuous monitors and telemetry systems in freshwaters. For example, monitors downstream of Roadford Reservoir (see Report No. FWI/92/026).

The requirement for investigational work in Tidal Waters is driven by a number of factors as follows:-

- (a) Non-compliance with the EC Bathing Water Directive as highlighted by routine monitoring programmes. Investigations are undertaken to identify and quantify sources of contamination resulting in non-compliance.
- (b) Non-compliance with other EC Directives, notably the EC Dangerous Substances Directive. For example, the impact of the Wheal Jane mine leachate on tidal water quality.

- (c) Post-commissioning monitoring for major improvement schemes, where monitoring effort is designed to ensure target Water Quality Standards are being met. For example, Teignmouth Long Sea Outfall Post-Scheme Appraisal.
- (d) Programmes to monitor the environmental impact of construction activities licensed by NRA.
- (e) Programmes to assist in the determination of consents for significant discharges to tidal waters not covered by the above. For example, impact of effluent plume from Newham STW, Truro River.
- (f) Monitoring to assess the impact of proposed water resources schemes on estuarine water quality. For example, impact of proposed scheme on Axe Estuary.
- (g) Monitoring programmes to ensure non-deterioration of water quality as a result of flood defence schemes, developments, or any other activity which influences the nature of the water circulation and flushing.
- (h) Monitoring surveys to provide expert support for major pollution incidents affecting tidal waters. For example, potentially toxic algal blooms.
- (i) Other investigations.

The number of samples collected in 1993 is estimated as follows:-

	Water and Sediment Chemical/Microbiological	Biology	
Freshwater Investigation Team	1,200	1,150	
Tidal Waters Investigation Unit	3,780	270	

#### 2. WORK PROGRAMME

#### 2.1. Freshwater Investigation Team

The work programme for the Freshwater team is assessed approximately every 4 months. The programme for January - July 1993 is attached.

#### 2.2. Tidal Waters Investigation Unit

The provisional 1993 programme for investigations relating to tidal water is as follows:-

#### 2.2.1. Non-Compliance with EC Bathing Water Directive

#### (a) Camel Estuary

Sampling of Freshwater inputs to the Camel Estuary to assess bacterial loadings to the estuary, January - November.

#### (b) Exe Estuary

Sampling of Freshwater inputs to the Exe Estuary to assess bacterial loadings to the estuary, January — November.

#### (c) Aveton Gifford STW

Tracer studies to determine dilution and dispersion of effluent from Aveton Gifford STW within Avon Estuary.

#### (d) Hessenford, Seaton River

Intensive survey in wet weather to determine impact of private discharges from Hessenford.

#### (e) Porthallow

Plume dye and tracer survey to assess suitable treatment level and discharge location to ensure bathing water compliance.

#### (f) St Columb Major STW

Discharge from STW into River Menalhyl to be ceased for circa 12 hours to establish impact of works on bathing waters at Mawgan Porth.

#### (g) Looe STW

Tracer survey to determine dilution of STW effluent at estuary mouth.

## (h) Freshwater Bacterial Surveys to Identify Controllable Point Sources of Bacterial Contamination

St Austell River
Perranporth and Bolingey Streams
Hele River
Rivers Neat and Strat
Polzeath Stream
Dawlish Stream
Porthcothan Stream
Torre Abbey Stream
River Gannel
Trevaunance Cove Stream
Parts of the River Umber Catchment
Salcombe North Sands Stream
East and West Lyn Rivers

#### (i) Desk Studies Relating to Bathing Water Failure

Maen Porth Goverack Teignmouth, Holcombe Porth Porth Joke Saunton Sands

#### 2.2.2. Non-Compliance with other EC Directives

#### (a) Wheal Jane Mine Leachate

Investigations to assess the impact of mine leachate on tidal water and sediment quality.

January, July - Major spring and neap tide surveys.

January to March - Continuous WQ monitoring at the mouth Restronguet Creek.

Monthly - Biological and bio-accumulation monitoring.

#### (b) Newlyn Harbour

Water and sediment quality investigation.

#### 2.2.3. Post-Commissioning Monitoring

#### (a) Par

Monitoring the impact of the effluent plume from the newlycommissioned Long Sea Outfall on bathing waters under worstcase environmental conditions.

#### (b) Teignmouth

Monitoring the impact of the effluent plume from the newlycommissioned Long Sea Outfall on bathing waters under worstcase environmental conditions.

#### 2.2.4 Sewerage Discharge Consent Determination

#### (a) Newham STW

Automatic water quality monitoring (February onwards) and intensive surveys to determine the impact of the plume on levels of ammonia, BOD and DO in the Truro River.

#### (b) Countess Wear STW

Automatic water quality monitoring (May onwards) and intensive surveys to determine the impact of the plume on levels of ammonia, BOD and DO in the Truro River.

#### (c) Rock, Camel Estuary

Bathymetric survey in vicinity of proposed sewage outfall to assist in the assessment of the stability of the sea-bed.

#### 2.2.5 Monitoring the Impact of Proposed Water Resources Schemes

(a) Automatic water quality monitoring to assess impact of freshwater flow on Axe Estuary water quality - January only.

## 2.2.6 Monitoring of Impact on Water Quality of developments and Flood Defence Schemes

(a) Monitoring of water and sediment quality in Sutton Harbour to assess impact of the Flood Defence Scheme.

Project managed by Tidal Waters Investigation Unit, and undertaken by contractors. Bi-monthly surveys and continuous water quality monitoring.

#### 2.2.7 Other Investigations

(a) Dart Estuary Survey

Survey to assess best strategy for routine estuarine monitoring.

(b) Ammonia Monitors

Assessment of automatic ammonia monitors.

#### 3. SAMPLING BREAKDOWN

#### 3.1. Freshwater Investigations Team

	Chemical Samples	Biology Samples
Non-Compliance Investigations EC Directives SWQO/RQO	300 600	150 900
Impact Assessment Effluent Discharges	200	100
Bioaccumulation Investigations	50	1.5
Sediments	50	-
TOTAL	1,200	1,150

#### 3.2. Tidal Waters Investigation Unit

Water & Sediment	
Microbiology &	Biology
Chemical Samples	Samples

#### Monitoring of Rivers and Canals

Non-Compliance Investigations EC Bathing Water Directive

2,220

#### Monitoring of Estuaries

Non-Compliance Investigations - EC Bathing Water Directive	160	
Impact Assessment of Effluent Discharges	700	15
Impact Assessment of Developments/ Activities		5
Other Quality Investigations	120	
Bioaccumulation Investigations		50
Pollution Incident Support		25
Algal Investigations		30
Sediments	10	
	40.00	
Monitoring of Coastal Waters		
Non-Compliance Investigations - EC Bathing Water Directive	230	
Impact Assessment of Effluent Discharges	200	10
Bioaccumulation Investigations		15
Impact Assessment of Developments/ Activities	4.	30
Algal Investigations		30
Operational Investigations		
Estuaries - Impact of Wheal Jane Discharge	140	60
TOTAL	3,780	270

#### 4. ENDORSEMENT

The contents of this programme have been agreed by the Water Quality Planner and the Laboratory Controller.

[EP.WQ]NB\_010693\_JEM\_RWQMS\_PROGRAMME\_1993.WP

### Freshwater Investigation Team - Work Programme 1993

	Staff	January	February	March
PC 3: Statutory Water Quality Objectives River Sid Other rivers to be determined	TG/JCB/JB			
PC 21+24: Non-compliance Investigations Red River (EC Dangerous substances) Venn Stream (EC Freshwater Fish) Other rivers to be determined	TG/PR RV/PR/MH RV/PR/MH			
PC 15: WS plc AMP 2 / PC 14: Deemed Consents/ PC 7: Local Authority Plans				
PC 26: Operational projects  Carnon River Assessment/Data archive  Wheal Jane monitor report 1992  Nancekuke Assessment/Data archive	RW RW SW			
PC 29: Mainatain water quality monitors River Wolf/Lyd	JB	-		
River Wolf/Lyd monitor report 1992 River Axe monitor report 1992 West Okement River monitor report 1992	JB JCB		_	
River Torridge monitor report 1992 Sheepwash monitor report	JB MH		<u> </u>	
PC 29: Develop water quality monitors				
Penny & Giles Opus Telemetry pHOX 201 V Water Logger	RV/MH RV/MH			
pHOX 901 logging development	RV/MH			

### Freshwater Investigation Team - Work Programme 1993

	April	4	May	June	July
PC 21+24: Non-compliance investigations		1.0			
SWQO's					
River Sid		and the angel			
Alphin Brook		30433450.000			
Grindle Brook		SARSONNA .	water and the		
Aylesbearre Stream		Section 1	a serarapakan di pilikista	Constraint	
River Cranny		(accessed	Alternation and a section of the sec		
EC Directives River Venn					
Catchment Management Plan					
River Torridge / Taw		,			
River Tamar					
PC 24: Impact assessment					
Punchbowl waste disposal site	languari en en el en en el	4000000000000000			
PC 15: AMP1/AMP2		1		100	
		******************			
Spreadsheet review				*	*
PC 14: Storm sewer overflow project					
PC 26: Operational projects		•			
Carnon River Assessment/Data archive	201201000000000000000000000000000000000		nio despendente en estas		
Nancekuke Assessment/Data archive	SESSESSES SESSESSES	ionegas salas assum		AND THE STREET AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY	
Red River					
A SAME TO A SAME					
PC 29: Mainatain water quality monitors					
River Wolf/Lyd					in tarte parte for the first and a first of the foreign of the parte for each a parte for each as \$100 a.
River Torridge	1				
Support for G.Hawley (UWWTD)	Charles and Charles and Charles	ALLEN CO. ALCOHOLOGICO CO.	automa <u>litus p</u> ilata inielele auto <u>itu</u> e	terretetatur eta irra eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta et	
Support for Pollution Control					nacionalista e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
PC 29: Develop water quality monitors					
BOD portable monitor					nane make
pHOX 201V portable monitor			erromania de partir de		
Autosampler trigger development					
Vodaphone telemetry	CONTROL DE LA CONTROL DE CONTROL		With the property of the		
pHOX 900 hand held monitor		<u> विकास</u>	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000	
Grant YSI monitor training		10000		0.00000000	