

Environmental Protection Report

River Fowey Catchment River Water Quality Classification 1991

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Author: B L Milford
Water Quality Planner



NRA

National Rivers Authority

South West Region

C V M Davies
Environmental Protection Manager

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Suggestions for improvements that could be incorporated in the production of the next Classification report would be welcomed.

Further enquiries regarding the content of these reports should be addressed to:

Freshwater Officer,
National Rivers Authority,
Manley House,
Kestrel Way,
EXETER,
Devon EX2 7LQ

ENVIRONMENT AGENCY



110236

RIVER WATER QUALITY IN THE RIVER FOWEY CATCHMENT

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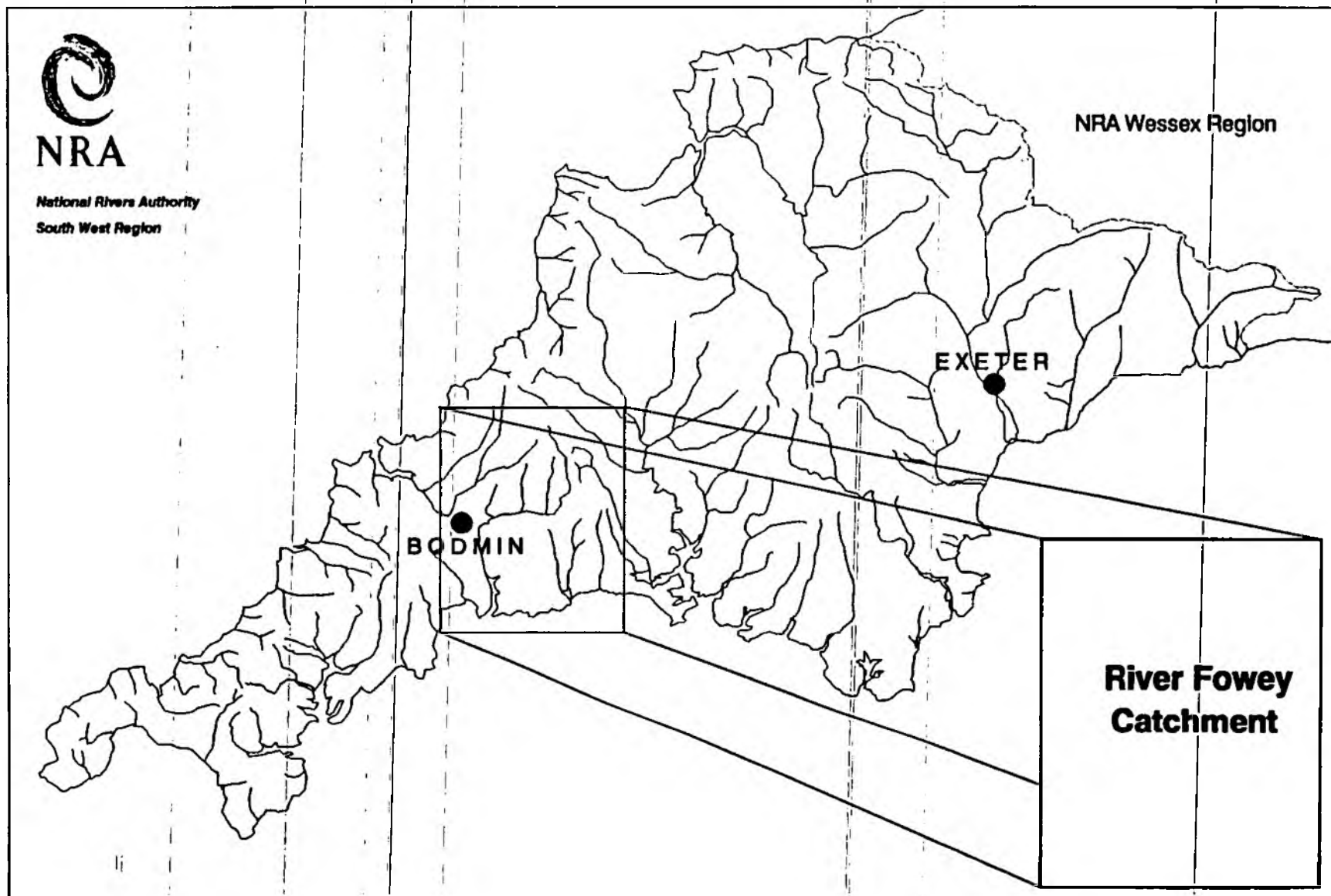
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River Fowey Catchment

River Fowey
Catchment

1. INTRODUCTION

Monitoring to assess the quality of river waters is undertaken in thirty-four catchments within the region. As part of this monitoring programme samples are collected routinely from selected monitoring points at a pre-determined frequency per year, usually twelve spaced at monthly intervals. Each monitoring point provides data for the water quality of a river reach (in kilometres) upstream of the monitoring point.

Each water sample collected from each monitoring point is analysed for a range of chemical and physical constituents or properties known as determinands. The analytical results for each sample are entered into a computer database called the Water Quality Archive.

Selected data are accessed from the Archive so that the quality of each river reach can be determined based on a River Classification System developed by the National Water Council (NWC), (7.1).

This report presents the river water quality classification for 1991 for monitored river reaches in the River Fowey catchment.

2. RIVER FOWEY CATCHMENT

The River Fowey flows over a distance of 38.4 km from its source to the tidal limit in the Fowey Estuary, (Appendix 8.1). Water quality was monitored at seven locations on the main river. All sites were sampled at approximately monthly intervals.

The River Lerryn, Trebant Water and Pont Pill Stream flow over a distance of 8 km, 8.8 km and 7.4 km respectively from their source to the tidal limit in the Fowey Estuary, (Appendix 8.1) and were all monitored at one location. Monitoring points were located in the lower reaches of these streams.

Throughout the Fowey catchment seven secondary tributaries of the River Fowey were monitored at monthly intervals. Two reservoirs (Colliford Lake and Siblyback Reservoir) were also sampled at monthly intervals.

2.1 SECONDARY TRIBUTARIES

The St. Neot River flows over a distance of 13.9 km from its source to the confluence with the River Fowey, (Appendix 8.1) and was monitored at two locations.

The Northwood Brook flows over a distance of 4.7 km before joining the main River Fowey, (Appendix 8.1) and was monitored at two locations.

The Warleggan Stream (12.7 km), Siblyback Stream (4.2 km) and Cardingham Water (9.4 km) were all monitored at one location prior to the confluence with the River Fowey (Appendix 8.1).

Each sample was analysed for a minimum number of determinands (Appendix 8.2) plus additional determinands based on local knowledge of the catchment. In addition, at selected sites, certain metal analyses were carried out.

The analytical results from all of these samples have been entered into the Water Quality Archive and can be accessed through the Water Resources Act Register, (7.2).

3. NATIONAL WATER COUNCIL'S RIVER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

3.1 River Quality Objectives

In 1978 River Quality Objectives (RQOs) were assigned to all river lengths that were part of the routine monitoring network and to those additional watercourses, which were not part of the routine network, but which received discharges of effluents.

For the majority of watercourses long term objectives were identified based on existing and assumed adequate quality for the long term protection of the watercourse. In a few instances short term objectives were identified but no timetable for the achievement of the associated long term objective was set.

The RQOs currently in use in the River Fowey catchment are identified in Appendix 8.1.

3.2 River Quality Classification

River water quality is classified using the National Water Council's (NWC) River Classification System (see Appendix 8.3), which identifies river water quality as being one of five quality classes as shown in Table 1 below:

Table 1 - National Water Council - River Classification System

<u>Class</u>	<u>Description</u>
1A	Good quality
1B	Lesser good quality
2	Fair quality
3	Poor quality
4	Bad quality

Using the NWC system, the classification of river water quality is based on the values of certain determinands as arithmetic means or as 95 percentiles (5 percentiles are used for pH and dissolved oxygen) as indicated in Appendices 8.4 and 8.4.1.

The quality classification system incorporates some of the European Inland Fisheries Advisory Commission (EIFAC) criteria (Appendix 8.3) recommended for use by the NWC system.

4. 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION

Analytical data collected from monitoring during 1989, 1990 and 1991 were processed through a computerised river water quality classification programme. This resulted in a quality class being assigned to each monitored river reach as indicated in Appendix 8.5.

The quality class for 1991 can be compared against the appropriate River Quality Objective and previous annual quality classes (1985-1990) also based on three years combined data, for each river reach in Appendix 8.5.

The river water classification system used to classify each river length is identical to the system used both in 1985 and 1990 for the Department of the Environment's Quinquennial River Quality Surveys. The determinand classification criteria used to determine the annual quality classes in 1985, subsequent years and for 1991 are indicated in Appendices 8.4 and 8.4.1.

The river quality classes for 1991 of monitored river reaches in the catchment are shown in map form in Appendix 8.6.

The calculated determinand statistics for pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), total ammonia, un-ionised ammonia, suspended solids, copper and zinc from which the quality class was determined for each river reach, are indicated in Appendix 8.7.

5. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH QUALITY OBJECTIVES

Those monitored river reaches within the catchment, which do not comply with their assigned (RQO), are shown in map form in Appendix 8.8.

Appendix 8.9 indicates the number of samples analysed for each determinand over the period 1989 to 1991 and the number of sample results per determinand, which exceed the determinand quality standard.

For those non-compliant river reaches in the catchment, the extent of exceedance of the calculated determinand statistic with the relevant quality standard (represented as a percentage), is indicated in Appendix 8.10.

6. GLOSSARY OF TERMS

RIVER REACH	A segment of water, upstream from sampling point to the next sampling point.
RIVER LENGTH	River distance in kilometres.
RIVER QUALITY OBJECTIVE	That NWC class, which protects the most sensitive use of the water.
95 percentiles	Maximum limits, which must be met for at least 95% of the time.
5 percentiles	Minimum limits, which must be met for at least 95% of the time.
BIOLOGICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (5 day carbonaceous ATU)	A standard test measuring the microbial uptake of oxygen - an estimate of organic pollution.
pH	A scale of acid to alkali.
UN-IONISED AMMONIA	Fraction of ammonia poisonous to fish, NH^3 .
SUSPENDED SOLIDS	Solids removed by filtration or centrifuge under specific conditions.
USER REFERENCE NUMBER	Reference number allocated to a sampling point.
INFERRED STRETCH	Segment of water, which is not monitored and whose water quality classification is assigned from the monitored reach upstream.

7. REFERENCES

Reference

- 7.1 National Water Council (1977). River Water Quality: The Next Stage. Review of Discharge Consent Conditions. London.
- 7.2 Water Resources Act 1991 Section 190.
- 7.3 Alabaster J. S. and Lloyd R. Water Quality Criteria for Freshwater Fish, 2nd edition, 1982. Butterworths.

Fowey Catchment River Quality Objectives



BASIC DETERMINAND ANALYTICAL SUITE FOR ALL CLASSIFIED RIVER SITES

pH as pH Units

Conductivity at 20 C as uS/cm

Water temperature (Cel)

Oxygen dissolved % saturation

Oxygen dissolved as mg/l O

Biochemical oxygen demand (5 day total ATU) as mg/l O

Total organic carbon as mg/l C

Nitrogen ammoniacal as mg/l N

Ammonia un-ionised as mg/l N

Nitrate as mg/l N

Nitrite as mg/l N

Suspended solids at 105 C as mg/l

Total hardness as mg/l CaCO₃

Chloride as mg/l Cl

Orthophosphate (total) as mg/l P

Silicate reactive dissolved as mg/l SiO₂

Sulphate (dissolved) as mg/l SO₄

Sodium (total) as mg/l Na

Potassium (total) as mg/l K

Magnesium (total) as mg/l Mg

Calcium (total) as mg/l Ca

Alkalinity as pH 4.5 as mg/l CaCO₃

MWC RIVER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

River Class	Quality criteria	Remarks	Current potential uses
	Class limiting criteria (95 percentile)		
1A Good Quality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Dissolved oxygen saturation greater than 80% (ii) Biochemical oxygen demand not greater than 3 mg/l (iii) Ammonia not greater than 0.4 mg/l (iv) Where the water is abstracted for drinking water, it complies with requirements for A2* water (v) Non-toxic to fish in EIFAC terms (or best estimates if EIFAC figures not available) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Average BOD probably not greater than 1.5 mg/l (ii) Visible evidence of pollution should be absent 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Water of high quality suitable for potable supply abstractions and for all abstractions (ii) Same or other high class fisheries (iii) High amenity value
1B Good Quality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) DO greater than 60% saturation (ii) BOD not greater than 5 mg/l (iii) Ammonia not greater than 0.9 mg/l (iv) Where water is abstracted for drinking water, it complies with the requirements for A2* water (v) Non-toxic to fish in EIFAC terms (or best estimates if EIFAC figures not available) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Average BOD probably not greater than 2 mg/l (ii) Average ammonia probably not greater than 0.5 mg/l (iii) Visible evidence of pollution should be absent (iv) Waters of high quality which cannot be placed in Class 1A because of the high proportion of high quality effluent present or because of the effect of physical factors such as canalisation, low gradient or eutrophication (v) Class 1A and Class 1B together are essentially the Class 1 of the River Pollution Survey (RPS) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water of less high quality than Class 1A but usable for substantially the same purposes
2 Fair Quality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) DO greater than 40% saturation (ii) BOD not greater than 9 mg/l (iii) Where water is abstracted for drinking water it complies with the requirements for A3* water (iv) Non-toxic to fish in EIFAC terms (or best estimates if EIFAC figures not available) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Average BOD probably not greater than 5 mg/l (ii) Similar to Class 2 of RPS (iii) Water not showing physical signs of pollution other than humic colouration and a little foaming below weirs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Waters suitable for potable supply after advanced treatment (ii) Supporting reasonably good coarse fisheries (iii) Moderate amenity value

Poor quality	(i) DO greater than 10% saturation (ii) Not likely to be anaerobic (iii) BOD not greater than 17 mg/l. This may not apply if there is a high degree of re-aeration	Similar to Class 3 of RPS	Waters which are polluted to an extent that fish are absent; only sporadically present. May be used for low grade industrial abstraction purposes. Considerable potential for further use if cleaned up
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4 Bad quality	Waters which are inferior to Class 3 in terms of dissolved oxygen and likely to be anaerobic at times	Similar to Class 4 of RPS	Waters which are grossly polluted and are likely to cause nuisance
	DO greater than 10% saturation		Insignificant watercourses and ditches not usable, where the objective is simply to prevent nuisance developing

- Notes
- (a) Under extreme weather conditions (eg flood, drought, freeze-up), or when dominated by plant growth, or by aquatic plant decay, rivers usually in Class 1, 2, and 3 may have BODs and dissolved oxygen levels, or ammonia content outside the stated levels for those Classes. When this occurs the cause should be stated along with analytical results.
 - (b) The BOD determinations refer to 5 day carbonaceous BOD (ATU). Ammonia figures are expressed as NH₄.
 - (c) In most instances the chemical classification given above will be suitable. However, the basis of the classification is restricted to a finite number of chemical determinands and there may be a few cases where the presence of a chemical substance other than those used in the classification markedly reduces the quality of the water. In such cases, the quality classification of the water should be down-graded on the basis of biota actually present, and the reasons stated.
 - (d) EIFAC (European Inland Fisheries Advisory Commission) limits should be expressed as 95 percentile limits.

EEC category A2 and A3 requirements are those specified in the EEC Council directive of 16 June 1975 concerning the Quality of Surface Water intended for Abstraction of Drinking Water in the Member State.

Ammonia Conversion Factors

	(mg NH ₄ /l to mg N/l)
Class 1A	0.4 mg NH ₄ /l = 0.31 mg N/l
Class 1B	0.9 mg NH ₄ /l = 0.70 mg N/l
	0.5 mg NH ₄ /l = 0.39 mg N/l

NWC RIVER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

CRITERIA USED BY NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION FOR NON-METALLIC DETERMINANDS

River Class	Quality Criteria
1A	Dissolved oxygen % saturation greater than 80% BOD (ATU) not greater than 3 mg/l O Total ammonia not greater than 0.31 mg/l N Non-ionised ammonia not greater than 0.021 mg/l N Temperature not greater than 21.5 C pH greater than 5.0 and less than 9.0 Suspended solids not greater than 25 mg/l
1B	Dissolved oxygen % saturation greater than 60% BOD (ATU) not greater than 5 mg/l O Total ammonia not greater than 0.70 mg/l N Non-ionised ammonia not greater than 0.021 mg/l N Temperature not greater than 21.5 C pH greater than 5.0 and less than 9.0 Suspended solids not greater than 25 mg/l
2	Dissolved oxygen & saturation greater than 40% BOD (ATU) not greater than 9 mg/l O Total ammonia not greater than 1.56 mg/l N Non-ionised ammonia not greater than 0.021 mg/l N Temperature not greater than 28 C pH greater than 5.0 and less than 9.0 Suspended solids not greater than 25 mg/l
3	Dissolved oxygen % saturation greater than 10% BOD (ATU) not greater than 17 mg/l O
4	Dissolved oxygen % saturation not greater than 10% BOD (ATU) greater than 17 mg/l O

STATISTICS USED BY NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION

Determinand	Statistic
Dissolved oxygen	5 percentile
BOD (ATU)	95 percentile
Total ammonia	95 percentile
Non-ionised ammonia	95 percentile
Temperature	95 percentile
pH	5 percentile
Suspended solids	95 percentile
	arithmetic mean

NWC RIVER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

CRITERIA USED BY NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION FOR METALLIC DETERMINANDS

SOLUBLE COPPER

Total Hardness (mean) mg/l CaCO ₃	Statistic	Soluble Copper* ug/l Cu	
		Class 1	Class 2
0 - 10	95 percentile	< = 5	> 5
10 - 50	95 percentile	< = 22	> 22
50 - 100	95 percentile	< = 40	> 40
100 - 300	95 percentile	< = 112	> 112

* Total copper is used for classification until sufficient data on soluble copper can be obtained.

TOTAL ZINC

Total Hardness (mean) mg/l CaCO ₃	Statistic	Total Zinc ug/l Zn		
		Class 1	Class 2	Class 3
0 - 10	95 percentile	< = 30	< = 300	> 300
10 - 50	95 percentile	< = 200	< = 700	> 700
50 - 100	95 percentile	< = 300	< = 1000	> 1000
100 - 300	95 percentile	< = 500	< = 2000	> 2000

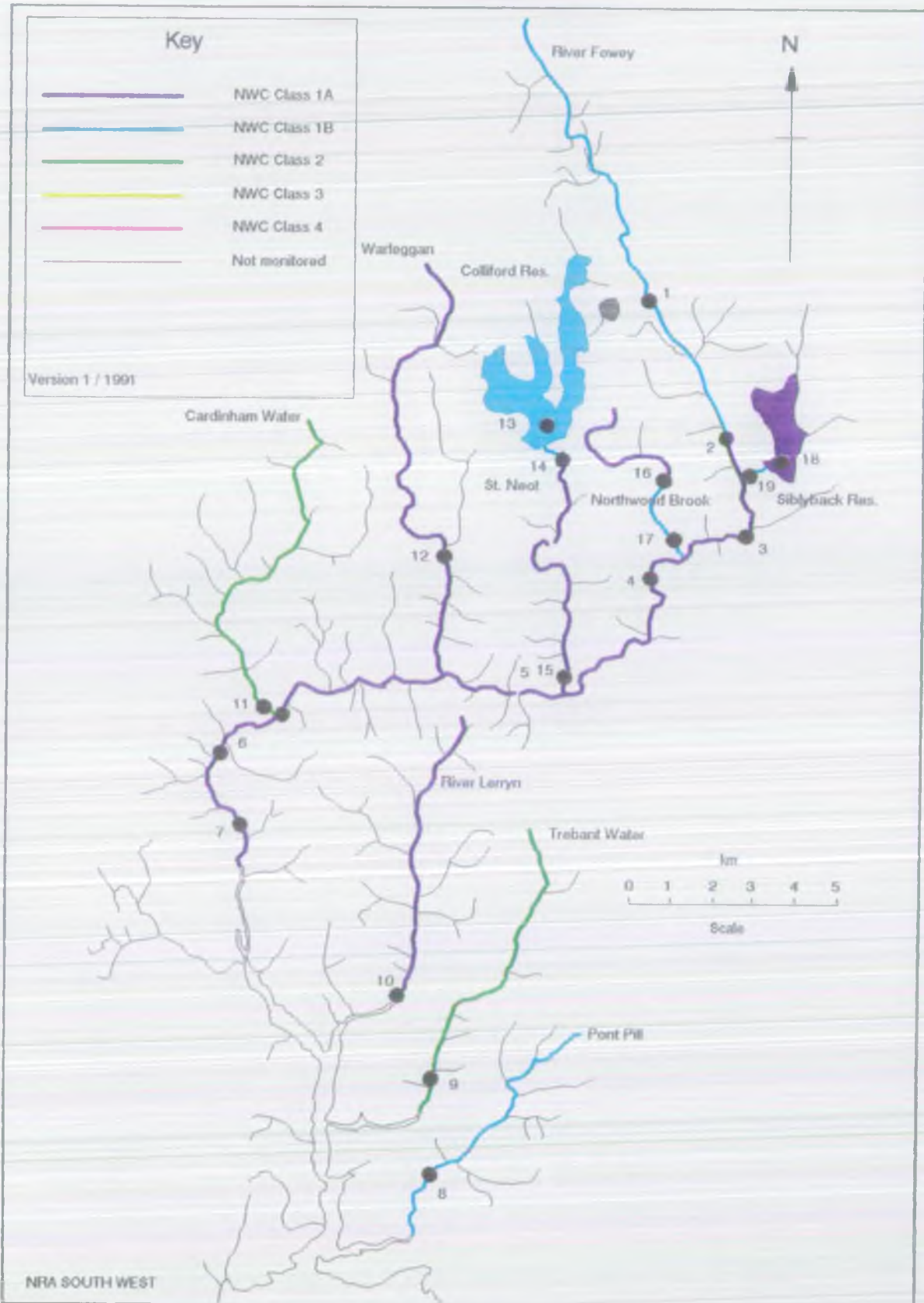
NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION
 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION
 CATCHMENT: FOWEY

1991 Map Position Number	River	Reach upstream of	User Reference Number	National Grid Reference
1	FOWEY	HARROWBRIDGE	R15B001	SX 2065 7442
2	FOWEY	LAMELGATE	R15B024	SX 2230 7084
3	FOWEY	DRAYNES BRIDGE	R15B002	SX 2281 6893
4	FOWEY	TREVERBYN BRIDGE	R15B003	SX 2063 6748
5	FOWEY	BODITHIEL BRIDGE	R15B004	SX 1763 6486
6	FOWEY	RESPRYN BRIDGE	R15B025	SX 0994 6353
7	FOWEY	RESTORMEL	R15B006	SX 1080 6130
	FOWEY	NORMAL TIDAL LIMIT (INFERRED STRETCH)		
8	PONT PILL	TRETHAKE MILL	R15A003	SX 1555 5310
	PONT PILL	NORMAL TIDAL LIMIT (INFERRED STRETCH)		
9	TREBANT WATER	EAST TENCREEK	R15A002	SX 1510 5546
	TREBANT WATER	NORMAL TIDAL LIMIT (INFERRED STRETCH)		
10	LERRYN RIVER	LERRYN	R15A004	SX 1433 5733
	LERRYN RIVER	NORMAL TIDAL LIMIT (INFERRED STRETCH)		
11	CARDINHAM WATER	GLYNNMILL	R15B021	SX 1114 6440
12	WARLEGGAN RIVER	PANTERS BRIDGE	R15B009	SX 1593 6795
	WARLEGGAN RIVER	FOWEY CONFLUENCE (INFERRED STRETCH)		
13	ST. NEOT RIVER	INFLOW, COLLIFORD LAKE (UNMON. STRETCH)	R15B034	SX 178 711
14	ST. NEOT RIVER	COLLIFORD LAKE	R15B014	SX 1808 7075
15	ST. NEOT RIVER	COLLIFORD BRIDGE	R15B008	SX 1855 6494
	ST. NEOT RIVER	TWO WATERS FOOT		
	ST. NEOT RIVER	FOWEY CONFLUENCE (INFERRED STRETCH)		
16	NORTHWOOD BROOK	WORTHA	R15B016	SX 2063 6984
17	NORTHWOOD BROOK	TRENANT BRIDGE	R15B011	SX 2098 6829
	NORTHWOOD BROOK	FOWEY CONFLUENCE (INFERRED STRETCH)		
18	SIBLYBACK STREAM	INFLOW, SIBLYBACK RES. (UNMON. STRETCH)	R15B033	SX 2315 7033
19	SIBLYBACK STREAM	SIBLYBACK RESERVOIR	R15B010	SX 2283 6998
	SIBLYBACK STREAM	TREKEIVESTEPS BRIDGE		
	SIBLYBACK STREAM	FOWEY CONFLUENCE (INFERRED STRETCH)		

Reach Length (km)	Distance from source (km)	River Quality Objective	85 RWC Class	86 RWC Class	87 RWC Class	88 RWC Class	89 RWC Class	90 RWC Class	91 RWC Class
6.8	8.8	1B	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1B
4.2	13.0	1B	1A	1A	1B	1B	1B	1A	1B
2.4	15.4	1B	1A	1B	1A	1B	1B	1A	1A
3.4	18.8	1B	1A	1A	1A	1B	1B	1A	1A
5.6	24.4	1B	1A	1B	1B	1B	2	1A	1A
9.7	34.1	1B	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A
2.9	37.0	1B	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A
1.4	38.4	1B	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A
5.5	5.5	1B	1B					2	1B
1.9	7.4	1B	1B					2	1B
7.6	7.6	1B	1B					2	2
1.2	8.8	1B	1B					2	2
7.9	7.9	1B	1B					2	1A
0.1	8.0	1B	1B					2	1A
9.4	9.4	1B	1A					1B	2
9.8	9.8	1B	1A	1A	1A	1A	1B	1A	1A
2.9	12.7	1B	1A	1A	1A	1A	1B	1A	1A
0.9	0.9	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B	U	U
4.7	5.6	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B
0.3	5.9	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B	1B
7.9	13.8	1B	1A	1A	1B	1B	1B	1A	1A
0.1	13.9	1B	1A	1A	1B	1B	1B	1A	1A
2.4	2.4	1B	1B	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A
2.0	4.4	1B	1B	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1B
0.3	4.7	1B	1B	1A	1A	1A	1A	1A	1B
2.0	2.0	1B	1A	1B	1A	1B	1B	U	U
1.4	3.4	1B	1A	1B	1A	1B	1B	1A	1A
0.6	4.0	1B	1A	1B	1A	1B	1B	1B	1B
0.2	4.2	1B	1A	1B	1A	1B	1B	1B	1B

Fowey Catchment Water Quality - 1991

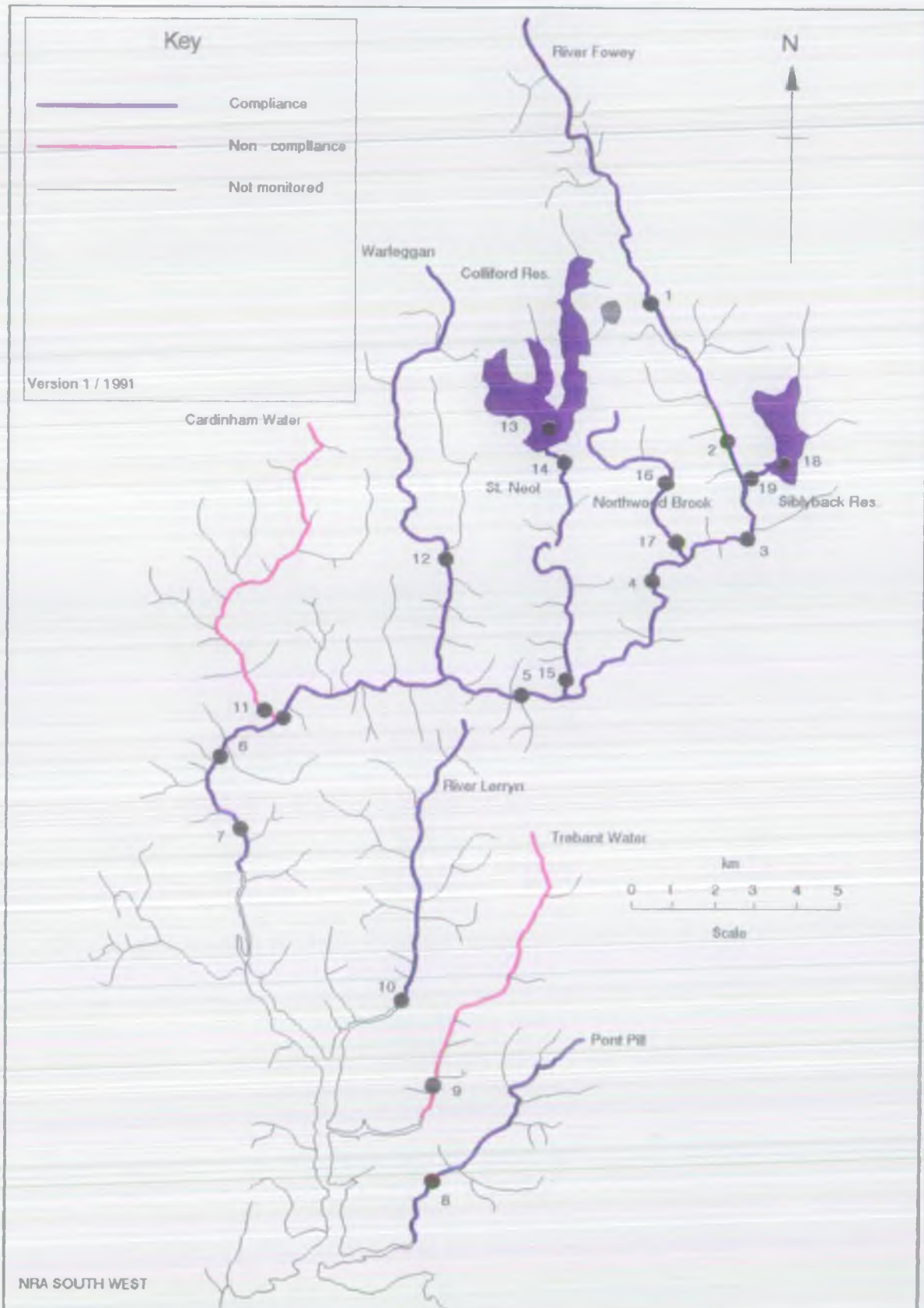
Appendix 8.6



NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION
 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION
 CALCULATED DETERMINAND STATISTICS USED FOR QUALITY ASSESSMENT
 CRUICMENT: POMEY

River	Reach upstream of	User Ref. Number	RQO	Calculated Determinand Statistics used for Quality Assessment																			
				pH Lower Class 5tile		pH Upper Class 95tile		Temperature Class 95tile		DO (%) Class 5tile		BOD (RTU) Class 95tile		Total Ammonia Class 95tile		Union. Ammonia Class 95tile		S.Solids Class 5tile		Total Copper Class 95tile		Total Zinc Class 95tile	
POMEY	WAPPOBRIDGE	RL58001	1B	1A	5.7	1A	6.7	1A	14.9	1B	80.0	1A	1.9	1A	0.060	1A	0.010	1A	4.9	1A	6.0	1A	19.5
POMEY	LAMELGATE	RL58024	1B	1A	5.7	1A	6.9	1A	14.8	1B	80.0	1A	2.1	1A	0.056	1A	0.010	1A	4.6	1A	8.8	1A	23.0
POMEY	DRAVNS BRIDGE	RL58002	1B	1A	5.9	1A	7.0	1A	15.6	1A	81.5	1A	2.0	1A	0.050	1A	0.010	1A	3.6	1A	5.6	1A	13.6
POMEY	TREUCHON BRIDGE	RL58003	1B	1A	6.2	1A	7.1	1A	15.8	1A	87.3	1A	2.9	1A	0.054	1A	0.010	1A	6.0	1A	11.0	1A	24.5
POMEY	BODITHUEL BRIDGE	RL58004	1B	1A	6.3	1A	7.5	1A	16.1	1A	88.3	1A	2.3	1A	0.077	1A	0.010	1A	6.3	1A	6.0	1A	22.8
POMEY	RESPIRN BRIDGE	RL58025	1B	1A	6.5	1A	7.4	1A	15.8	1A	85.6	1A	2.5	1A	0.077	-	-	1A	10.2	1A	10.5	1A	32.5
POMEY	RESTORNEZ	RL58006	1B	1A	6.4	1A	7.5	1A	16.5	1A	88.4	1A	2.8	1A	0.061	1A	0.010	1A	9.9	1A	7.6	1A	35.1
FONT PILL	TRETHAVE MILL	RL58003	1B	1A	7.3	1A	8.1	1A	15.0	1A	83.9	1B	4.7	1A	0.074	1A	0.010	1A	9.6	1A	6.9	1A	30.2
TREBANT WATER	EAST TENCREK	RL58002	1B	1A	7.2	1A	7.8	1A	15.6	1B	72.7	2	5.3	1B	0.632	1A	0.010	1A	11.8	1A	6.8	1A	17.9
LEFRON RIVER	LEFRON	RL58004	1B	1A	6.5	1A	7.8	1A	15.2	1A	86.0	1A	2.7	1A	0.130	1A	0.010	1A	10.5	1A	5.0	1A	18.0
CHADINHAM WATER	GLANNMILL	RL58021	1B	1A	6.6	1A	7.6	1A	15.0	1A	85.6	2	5.1	1A	0.084	1A	0.010	1A	23.2	1A	9.0	1A	64.0
MARLEGAN RIVER	BANTERS BRIDGE	RL58009	1B	1A	6.3	1A	7.5	1A	14.9	1A	87.0	1A	2.9	1A	0.119	1A	0.010	1A	11.0	1A	13.4	1A	50.8
ST. NEOT RIVER	COLLIFORD LAKE	RL58034	1B	1A	5.7	1A	6.9	1A	20.5	1B	70.9	1A	2.6	1A	0.154	1A	0.010	1A	6.3	1A	5.8	1A	54.6
ST. NEOT RIVER	COLLIFORD BRIDGE	RL58014	1B	1A	5.6	1A	6.9	1A	18.5	1B	72.8	1A	2.6	1A	0.178	1A	0.010	1A	4.2	1A	7.0	1A	22.0
ST. NEOT RIVER	TWO WIERS FOOT	RL58008	1B	1A	6.1	1A	7.4	1A	17.1	1A	84.4	1A	2.5	1A	0.120	1A	0.010	1A	12.4	1A	20.5	1A	45.9
NORTHWOOD BROOK	NORTH	RL58016	1B	1A	5.5	1A	7.0	1A	15.1	1A	83.2	1A	2.1	1A	0.151	1A	0.010	1A	15.9	1A	11.0	1A	14.0
NORTHWOOD BROOK	TREBANT BRIDGE	RL58011	1B	1A	6.1	1A	7.3	1A	14.2	1A	81.8	1A	2.4	1B	0.350	1A	0.010	1A	16.7	1A	8.9	1A	23.7
SIEHLBACK STREAM	SIEHLBACK RESERVOIR	RL58033	1B	1A	6.3	1A	7.4	1A	20.0	1A	81.0	1A	2.3	1A	0.090	1A	0.010	1A	3.5	1A	11.0	1A	62.8
SIEHLBACK STREAM	TRENEVESIERS BRIDGE	RL58010	1B	1A	6.0	1A	7.4	1A	18.0	1B	69.4	1A	2.4	1A	0.082	1A	0.010	1A	3.9	1A	4.9	1A	43.3

Fowey Catchment Compliance - 1991



NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION

1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION

NUMBER OF SAMPLES (N) AND NUMBER OF SAMPLES EXCEEDING QUALITY STANDARD (P)

CATCHMENT: POWAY

River	Reach upstream of	User Ref. Number	pH Lower		pH Upper		Temperature		DO (%)		BOD (ATU)		Total Ammonia		Union. Ammonia		S.Solids		Total Copper		Total Zinc	
			N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P
POWAY	HARROWBRIDGE	R15B001	46	-	46	-	45	-	45	-	46	-	46	-	36	-	46	1	32	-	32	-
POWAY	LAMELGADE	R15B024	47	-	47	-	46	-	46	-	47	-	47	-	34	-	47	1	34	-	34	-
POWAY	DRAMES BRIDGE	R15B002	49	-	49	-	49	-	48	-	49	-	49	-	39	-	49	-	48	-	48	-
POWAY	TREVEREN BRIDGE	R15B003	45	-	45	-	44	-	44	-	45	-	45	-	33	-	45	2	41	-	41	-
POWAY	BODITHIEL BRIDGE	R15B004	46	-	46	-	45	-	45	-	46	-	46	-	43	-	46	1	43	-	43	-
POWAY	RESPION BRIDGE	R15B025	66	-	66	-	66	-	65	-	66	1	66	-	6	-	66	6	64	-	64	1
POWAY	RESTORNEL	R15B006	48	-	48	-	47	-	47	-	48	1	48	-	39	-	48	3	48	1	48	-
FONT PILL	TRETHANE MILL	R15A003	31	-	31	-	31	-	30	-	31	1	31	-	27	-	31	2	20	-	20	-
TREBANT WIDER	EAST TENCREK	R15A002	31	-	31	-	30	-	30	-	31	1	31	1	28	-	31	3	21	-	21	-
LERRON RIVER	LERRON	R15A004	19	-	19	-	18	-	18	-	19	-	19	-	14	-	19	2	11	-	11	-
CARDINHAM WIDER	GLYNNMILL	R15B021	32	-	32	-	30	-	30	-	32	1	32	-	22	-	32	4	19	-	19	-
WARLEIGAN RIVER	PANTERS BRIDGE	R15B009	36	-	36	-	35	-	35	-	36	-	36	-	25	-	36	2	35	-	35	-
ST. NEOT RIVER	COLLIFORD LAKE	R15B034	23	-	23	-	22	-	22	-	23	-	23	-	20	-	23	2	23	-	23	-
ST. NEOT RIVER	COLLIFORD BRIDGE	R15B014	47	-	47	-	47	-	46	-	47	-	47	-	43	-	47	-	42	-	42	-
ST. NEOT RIVER	TWO WIERS FOOT	R15B008	47	-	47	-	46	-	46	-	47	-	47	-	44	-	47	5	45	1	45	-
NORTHWOOD BROOK	NORTHA	R15B016	28	-	28	-	27	-	27	-	28	-	28	-	21	-	28	3	16	-	16	-
NORTHWOOD BROOK	TRENNAT BRIDGE	R15B011	34	-	34	-	33	-	33	-	34	-	34	-	27	-	34	5	20	-	20	-
STELBACK STREAM	STELBACK RESERVOIR	R15B033	24	-	24	-	23	-	23	-	24	-	24	-	20	-	24	-	22	-	22	-
STELBACK STREAM	TRENEVESIERS BRIDGE	R15B010	34	-	34	-	33	-	33	-	34	-	34	-	30	-	34	-	22	-	22	-

NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION
 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION
 PERCENTAGE EXCEEDENCE OF DETERMINAND STATISTICS FROM QUALITY STANDARDS
 CATCHMENT: FOWEY

River	Reach upstream of	User Ref. Number	PERCENTAGE EXCEEDENCE OF STATISTIC FROM QUALITY STANDARD									
			pH Lower	pH Upper	Temperature	DO (%)	BOD (ATU)	Total Ammonia	Un-ionised Ammonia	Suspended Solids	Total Copper	Total Zinc
POWEY	HARROWBRIDGE	R15B001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POWEY	LAMELGATE	R15B024	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POWEY	DRAYNES BRIDGE	R15B002	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POWEY	TREVERBYN BRIDGE	R15B003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POWEY	BODITHIEL BRIDGE	R15B004	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POWEY	RESPRYN BRIDGE	R15B025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POWEY	RESTORMEL	R15B006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PONT PILL	TRETHAKE MILL	R15A003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TREBANT WATER	EAST TENCREEK	R15A002	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
LERRYN RIVER	LERRYN	R15A004	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CARDINHAM WATER	GLYNNMILL	R15B021	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
WARLEGGAN RIVER	PANTERS BRIDGE	R15B009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ST. NEOT RIVER	COLLIFORD LAKE	R15B034	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ST. NEOT RIVER	COLLIFORD BRIDGE	R15B014	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ST. NEOT RIVER	TWO WATERS FOOT	R15B008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTHWOOD BROOK	NORTHA	R15B016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTHWOOD BROOK	TRENANT BRIDGE	R15B011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SIBLYBACK STREAM	SIBLYBACK RESERVOIR	R15B033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SIBLYBACK STREAM	TREKEIVESTEPS BRIDGE	R15B010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-