NRA South West 158

Environmental Protection Report

River Seaton Catchment River Water Quality Classification 1991

> April 1992 WQP/92/0017 Author: B L Milford Water Quality Planner



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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Water Quality Planner acknowledges the substantial contributions made by the following staff:

R Broome - Co-ordinator and Editor Freshwater Planning - Production of Maps C McCarthy - Administration and report compilation A Gurney - Statistical Schedule production

Thanks are extended to A. Burghes of Moonsoft, Exeter for computer support.

Suggestions for improvements that could be incorporated in the production of the next Classification report would be welcomed.

Further enquiries regarding the content of these reports should be addressed to:

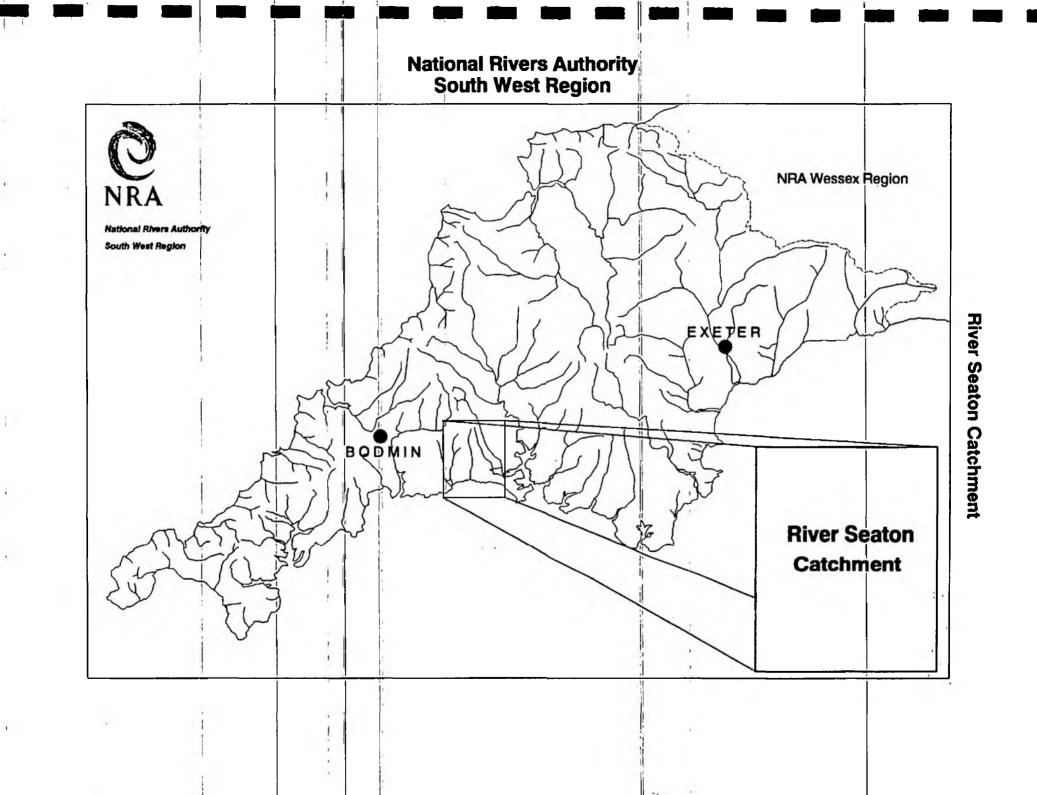
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RIVER WATER QUALITY IN THE RIVER SEATON CATCHMENT

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1. INTRODUCTION

Monitoring to assess the quality of river waters is undertaken in thirty-four catchments within the region. As part of this monitoring programme samples are collected routinely from selected monitoring points at a pre-determined frequency per year, usually twelve spaced at monthly intervals. Each monitoring point provides data for the water quality of a river reach (in kilometres) upstream of the monitoring point.

Each-water-sample collected from each monitoring point is analysed for a range of chemical and physical constituents or properties known as determinands. The analytical results for each sample are entered into a computer database called the Water Quality Archive.

Selected data are accessed from the Archive so that the quality of each river reach can be determined based on a River Classification System developed by the National Water Council (NWC), (7.1).

This report presents the river water quality classification for 1991 for monitored river reaches in the River Seaton catchment.

2. RIVER SEATON CATCHMENT

The_River=Seaton=flows_over a distance of 20.5 km from its source to the tidal limit, (Appendix 8.1). Water quality was monitored at five locations on the main river at approximately monthly intervals.

Throughout the Seaton catchment two secondary tributaries of the River Seaton were sampled at approximately monthly intervals.

2.1 SECONDARY TRIBUTARIES

The River Tremar flows over a distance of 3 km from its source to the confluence with the River Seaton, (Appendix 8.1) and was monitored at one location.

The Menheniot Stream flows over a distance of 3.1 km from its source to the confluence with the River Seaton, (Appendix 8.1) and was monitored at one location.

Monitoring points are all located in the lower reaches .--

Each sample was analysed for a minimum number of determinands (Appendix 8.2) plus additional determinands based on local knowledge of the catchment. In addition, at selected sites, certain metal analyses were carried out.

The analytical results from all of these samples have been entered into the Water Quality Archive and can be accessed through the Water Resources Act Register, (7.2).

3. NATIONAL WATER COUNCIL'S RIVER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

3.1 River Quality Objectives

In 1978 River Quality Objectives (RQOs) were assigned to all river lengths that were part of the routine monitoring network and to those additional watercourses, which were not part of the routine network, but which received discharges of effluents.

For the majority of watercourses long term objectives were identified based on existing and assumed adequate quality for the long term protection of the watercourse. In a few instances short term objectives were identified but no timetable for the achievement of the associated long term objective was set.

The RQOs currently in use in the River Seaton catchment are identified in Appendix 8.1.

3.2 River Quality Classification

River water quality is classified using the National Water Council's (NWC) River Classification System (see Appendix 8.3), which identifies river water quality as being one of five quality classes as shown in Table 1 below:

Table 1 - National Water Council - River Classification System

<u>Class</u>	Description
1A	Good quality
18	Lesser good quality
2	Fair quality
3	Poor quality
4	Bad quality

Using the NWC system, the classification of river water quality is based on the values of certain determinands as arithmetic means or as 95 percentiles (5 percentiles are used for pH and dissolved oxygen) as indicated in Appendices 8.4 and 8.4.1.

The quality classification system incorporates some of the European Inland Fisheries Advisory Commission (EIFAC) criteria (Appendix 8.3) recommended for use by the NWC system.

4. 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION

Analytical data collected from monitoring during 1989, 1990 and 1991 were processed through a computerised river water quality classification programme. This resulted in a quality class being assigned to each monitored river reach as indicated in Appendix 8.5.

The quality class for 1991 can be compared against the appropriate River Quality Objective and previous annual quality classes (1985-1990) also based on three years combined data, for each river reach in Appendix 8.5. The river water classification system used to classify each river length is identical to the system used both in 1985 and 1990 for the Department of the Environment's Quinquennial River Quality Surveys. The determinand classification criteria used to determine the annual quality classes in 1985, subsequent years and for 1991 are indicated in Appendices 8.4 and 8.4.1.

The river quality classes for 1991 of monitored river reaches in the catchment are shown in map form in Appendix 8.6.

The calculated determinand statistics for pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), total ammonia, un-ionised ammonia, suspended solids, copper and zinc from which the quality class was determined for each river reach, are indicated in Appendix 8.7.

5. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH QUALITY OBJECTIVES

Those monitored river reaches within the catchment, which do not comply with their assigned (RQO), are shown in map form in Appendix 8.8.

Appendix 8.9 indicates the number of samples analysed for each determinand over the period 1989 to 1991 and the number of sample results per determinand, which exceed the determinand quality standard.

=For=those non-compliant river reaches in the catchment, the extent of exceedance of the calculated determinand statistic with the relevant quality standard (represented as a percentage), is indicated in Appendix 8.10.

6. GLOSSARY OF TERMS

95 percentiles

5 percentiles

BIOLOGICAL OXYGEN DEMAND

(5 day carbonaceous ATU)

UN-IONISED AMMONIA

SUSPENDED SOLIDS

INFERRED STRETCH

USER REFERENCE NUMBER

RIVER REACH A segment of water, upstream from sampling point to the next sampling point. RIVER LENGTH River distance in kilometres. RIVER QUALITY OBJECTIVE That NWC class, which protects the most

Maximum limits, which must be met for at least 95% of the time.

sensitive use of the water.

Minimum limits, which must be met for at least 95% of the time.

A standard test measuring the microbial uptake of oxygen - an estimate of organic pollution.

A scale of acid to alkali.

Fraction of ammonia poisonous to fish, NH³.

Solids removed by filtration or centrifuge under specific conditions.

Reference number allocated to a sampling point.

Segment of water, which is not monitored and whose water quality classification is assigned from the monitored reach upstream.

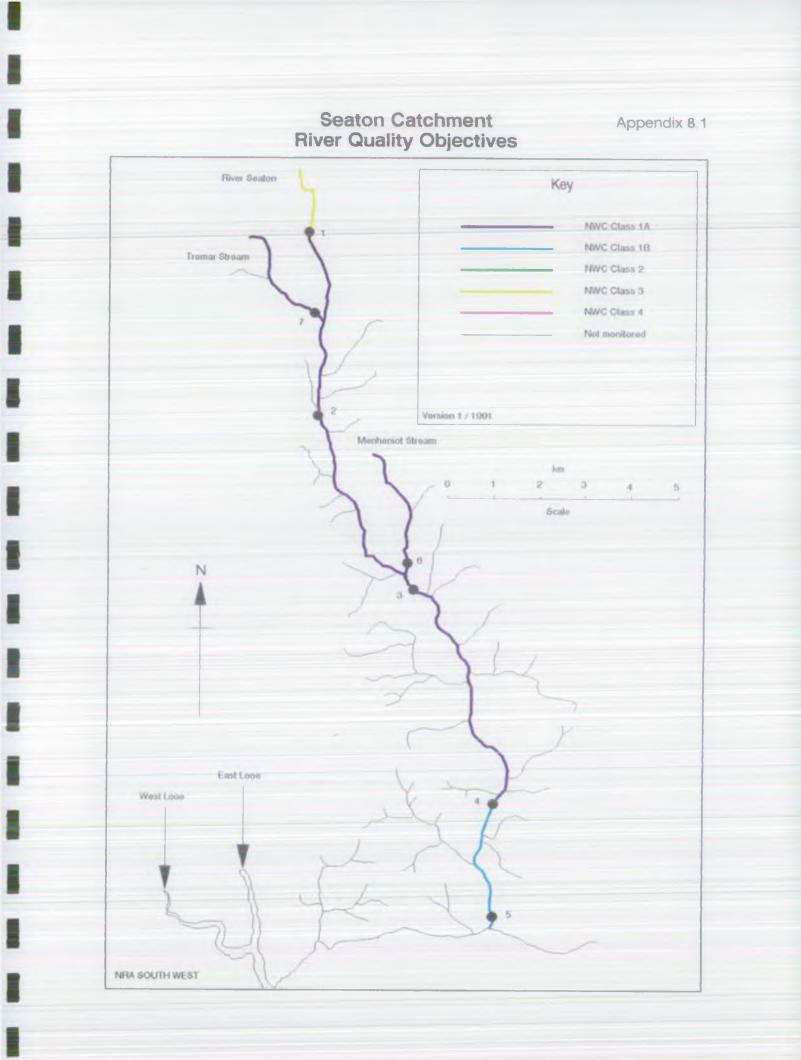
7. REFERENCES

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Reference

- 7.1 National Water Council (1977). River Water Quality: The Next Stage. Review of Discharge Consent Conditions. London.
- 7.2 Water Resources Act 1991 Section 190.
- 7.3 Alabaster J. S. and Lloyd R. Water Quality Criteria for Freshwater Fish, 2nd edition, 1982. Butterworths.

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pH as pH Units Conductivity at 20 C as uS/cm Water temperature (Cel) Oxygen dissolved % saturation Oxygen dissolved as mg/1 0Biochemical oxygen demand (5 day total ATU) as mg/1 O Total organic carbon as mg/1 C Nitrogen ammoniacal as mq/1 NAmmonia un-ionised as mg/1 NNitrate as mq/1 N Nitrite as mg/l N Suspended solids at 105 C as mg/1 Total hardness as mg/l CaCO3 Chloride as mq/1 Cl Orthophosphate (total) as mg/1 PSilicate reactive dissolved as mg/1 SiO2 Sulphate (dissolved) as mg/1 SO4 Sodium (total) as mg/l Na Potassium (total) as mg/l K_ Magnesium (total) as mg/1 Mg Calcium (total) as mg/l Ca Alkalinity as pH 4.5 as mg/l CaCO3

BASIC DETERMINAND ANALYTICAL SUITE FOR ALL CLASSIFIED RIVER SITES

						ALL CROID
		NWC RIVER	QUALITY	CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM		
				5	: • •	ent tel a
River Class		Quality criteria		Remarks	Curren	nt potential uses
		Class limiting criteria (95 percentil	e)			
IA Good Quality	(i) (ii)	Dissolved oxygen saturation greater than 80% Biochemical oxygen demand not greater than 3 mg/l	(i) (ii)	Average BOD probably not greater than 1.5 mg/l Visible evidence of pollution should be absent	:(i)	Vater of high quality suitable for potable suppl abstractions and for all abstractions
	(iii)	Ammonia not greater than 0.4 mg/l		8	(ii)	
9	(iv)	Where the water is abstracted for drinking water, it complies with requirements for A2* water			(iii)	
	{v)	Non-toxic to fish in EIFAC terms (or best estimates if EIFAC figures not available)	÷			
1B Good Quality	(i) (ii) (iii)	•	(i) (ii)	Average 800 probably not greater than 2 mg/l Average ammonia probably not		Mater of less high quality than Class 1A but usable for substantially the same
	(iv)	0.9 mg/l Where water is abstracted for drinking water, it complies with	(iii)	should be absent		purposes B
	(v)	the requirements for A2* water Non-toxic to fish in EIFAC terms (or best estimates if EIFAC figures not available)	(iv)	Waters of high quality which cannot be placed in Class 1A because of the high proportion of high quality effluent present or because of the effect of physical factors such as canalisation, low gradient or eutrophication	t	
			(v)	Class 1A and Class 1B together are essentially the Class 1 of 1 River Pollution Survey (RPS)	the	
2 Fair Quality	(i) {ii}	DO greater than 40% saturation BOD not greater than 9 mg/1	(i)	Average BOD probably not greater than 5 mg/l	(i)	Waters suitable for potable supply after advanced
	(iii)	drinking water it complies with	(ii) (iii)	• • •	(ii)	treatment Supporting reasonably good
	(iv)	the requirements for A3* water Non-toxic to fish in EIFAC terms (or best estimates if EIFAC figures not available)		signs of pollution other than humic colouration and a little foaming below weirs	(iii)	coarse fisheries Moderate amenity value
						· · · ·

APPENDII

	(ii) Not likely to be anaerobic (iii) BOD not greater than 17 mg, This may not apply if there high degree of re-aeration	/l. e is a	S Waters which are polluted to an extent that fish are abse only sporadically present. May be used for low grade industrial abstraction purposes. Considerable potential for further use if cleaned up
8ad ality	Waters-which-are-inferior- Class 3 in terms of dissolv oxygen and likely to be anaerobic at times		Vaters-which-are-grossly polluted and are likely to cause nuisance
	DO greater than 10% satura	tion	Insignificant watercourses and ditches not usable, wher the objective is simply to prevent nuisance developing
tes (a)		(eg flood, drought, freeze-up), or when domi 2, and 3 may have BODs and dissolved oxygen	
	=stated=levels=for=those=Classes ;=	=When=this=occurs=the=cause=should=be=stated	along with analytical results.
(c)	In most instances the chemical clip restricted to a finite number of (day carbonaceous BOD (ATU). Ammonia figure assification given above will be suitable. chemical determinands and there may be a few	However, the basis of the classification is cases where the presence of a chemical
	substance other than those used in quality classification of the water	n the classification markedly reduces the query should be down-proded on the basis of bio	ality of the water. In such cases, the ta actually present, and the reasons stated.
		Advisory Commission) limits should be expres	·
			is june 1975 concerning the quality of Surta
Water inte	nded for Abstraction of Drinking Wi Conversion Factors-	ater in the Wember State.	To June 1975 concerning the quality of Surta
Mater inte: Ammonia-(nded for Abstraction of Drinking Wi Conversion Factors- (mg NHc/1 to mg N/1)	ater in the Wember State.	is June 1975 concerning the Quality of Surfa
Mater inte: Ammonia-(nded for Abstraction of Drinking Wi Conversion Factors-	ater in the Wember State.	is June 19/5 concerning the Quality of Surfa
Mater inte Ammonia-(Class_1A:	nded for Abstraction of Drinking Wi Conversion Factors- (mg NHc/1 to mg N/1) 0.4=mg=NHc/1==0.31_mg=N/1 0.9 mg NHc/1 = 0.70 mg N/1	ater in the Wember State.	To June 19/5 Concerning the Quality of Surra
Mater inte Ammonia-(Class_1A:	nded for Abstraction of Drinking Wi Conversion Factors- (mg NHc/1 to mg N/1) 0.4=mg=NHc/1==0.31_mg=N/1 0.9 mg NHc/1 = 0.70 mg N/1	ater in the Wember State.	To June 19/5 concerning the quality of Surfa
Mater inte Ammonia-(Class_1A:	nded for Abstraction of Drinking Wi Conversion Factors- (mg NHc/1 to mg N/1) 0.4=mg=NHc/1==0.31_mg=N/1 0.9 mg NHc/1 = 0.70 mg N/1	ater in the Wember State.	To June 19/5 concerning the quality of Surfa
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Mater inte Ammonia-(Class_1A:	nded for Abstraction of Drinking Wi Conversion Factors- (mg NHc/1 to mg N/1) 0.4=mg=NHc/1==0.31_mg=N/1 0.9 mg NHc/1 = 0.70 mg N/1	ater in the Wember State.	
Mater inte Ammonia-(Class_1A:	nded for Abstraction of Drinking Wi Conversion Factors- (mg NHc/1 to mg N/1) 0.4=mg=NHc/1==0.31_mg=N/1 0.9 mg NHc/1 = 0.70 mg N/1	ater in the Wember State.	
Mater inte Ammonia-(Class_1A:	nded for Abstraction of Drinking Wi Conversion Factors- (mg NHc/1 to mg N/1) 0.4=mg=NHc/1==0.31_mg=N/1 0.9 mg NHc/1 = 0.70 mg N/1	ater in the Wember State.	is June 19/5 concerning the quality of Surra

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NWC RIVER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

CRITERIA USED BY NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION FOR NON-METALLIC DETERMINANDS

River	Quality Criteria
Class	-

1A

Dissolved oxygen % saturation greater than 80% BOD (ATU) not greater than 3 mg/l O Total ammonia not greater than 0.31 mg/l N Non-ionised ammonia not greater than 0.021 mg/l N Temperature not greater than 21.5 C pH greater than 5.0 and less than 9.0 Suspended solids not greater than 25 mg/l

- 1B Dissolved oxygen % saturation greater than 60% BOD (ATU) not greater than 5 mg/1 O Total ammonia not greater than 0.70 mg/1 N Non-ionised ammonia not greater than 0.021 mg/1 N Temperature not greater than 21.5 C pH greater than 5.0 and less than 9.0 Suspended solids not greater than 25 mg/1
- 2 Dissolved oxygen & saturation greater than 40% BOD (ATU) not greater than 9 mg/1 O Total ammonia not greater than 1.56 mg/1 N Non-ionised ammonia not greater than 0.021 mg/1 N Temperature not greater than 28 C pH greater than 5.0 and less than 9.0 Suspended solids not greater than 25 mg/1
- 3 Dissolved oxygen % saturation greater than 10% BOD (ATU) not greater than 17 mg/l 0
 - Dissolved oxygen % saturation not greater than 10% BOD (ATU) greater than 17 mg/1 0

STATISTICS USED BY NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION

Determinand

Dissolved oxygen BOD (ATU) Total ammonia Non-ionised ammonia Temperature pH

Suspended solids

Statistic

5 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile arithmetic mean

NWC RIVER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

CRITERIA USED BY NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION FOR METALLIC DETERMINANDS

SOLUBLE COPPER

Total Hardness (mean) mg/l CaCO3	Statistic	Soluble Copper* ug/l Cu	÷
		Class 1 Class 2	
0 - 10	95 percentile	<= 5 > 5	
10 - 50	95 percentile	< = 22 > 22	
50 - 100	95 percentile	< ∞ 40 > 40	
100 - 300	95 percentile	<pre>< = 112 > 112</pre>	

Total copper is used for classification until sufficient data on soluble copper can be obtained.

TOTAL ZINC

Total Hardness (mean) mg/1 CaCO3	Statistic	Total Zinc ug/l Zn Class 1 Class 2 Class 3
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	95 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile 95 percentile	<pre>< = 30 < = 300 > 300 < = 200 < = 700 > 700 < = 300 < = 1000 > 1000 < = 500 < = 2000 > 2000</pre>

NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION CATCHMENT: SEATON

1991 Map	River	Reach upstream of	User	National	Reach	Distance	•	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
Position	1	1	Reference	Grid	Length	from	Quality	NWC	NWC	INVC	NWC	NWC	NHC	INC
Numbe r	1		Number	Reference	(kos)	BOUICE	Objective	Class	Class	Class	Class	Class	Class	Class
	l .		1	J] (km)	1	1 '	1	i		ŧ !		
	l		1		1			1	1	I 1				l i
	1	1	1					1	1	1	i 1			1
	l	_	_!	l		199			<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
1	SEATON	CROW'S NEST		SX 2641 6938	•	1.9	3	2	3	3	3	Z	3	2
2	SEATON	HENDRA BRIDGE	R13A002	SX 2657 6563	4.2	6.1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	SEATON	COURTNEY'S MILL BRIDGE	R13A003	SX 2885 6163	5.7	11.8	ן גג ן	2 '	2	2	2	2	2	2
4	SEATON	HESSENFORD	R13A004	(SX 3073 5736)	5.3	17.1	1.4	18	1B	2	2	2	2	2
5	SEATON	SEATON BEACH	R13A005	SX 3033 5450	3.4	20.5	18	18	2	2	2	2	2	18
	i	I	_I	II		I	lł	I	I	[]				I !
6	MENHENIOT STREAM	AT FACTORY	R13A009	SX 2843 6205	3.0	3.0	1A		I				18	18
	MENHENIOT STREAM	SEATON CONFLUENCE (INFERRED STRETCH)	1		0.1	1	1A	1 1	(f 1			1B	1B
	l		<u> </u>	ll	l	<u> </u>		اا	1	II		II		i!
7	TREMAR STREAM	ROSECRADDOC	R13A008	SX 2646 6760	2.8	2.8	17						2	2
	TREMAR STREAM	SEATON CONFLUENCE (INFERRED STRETCH)		i i	0.2	3.0	1A		ŀ				2	2 1
			1	I i	l	I	·		I					II

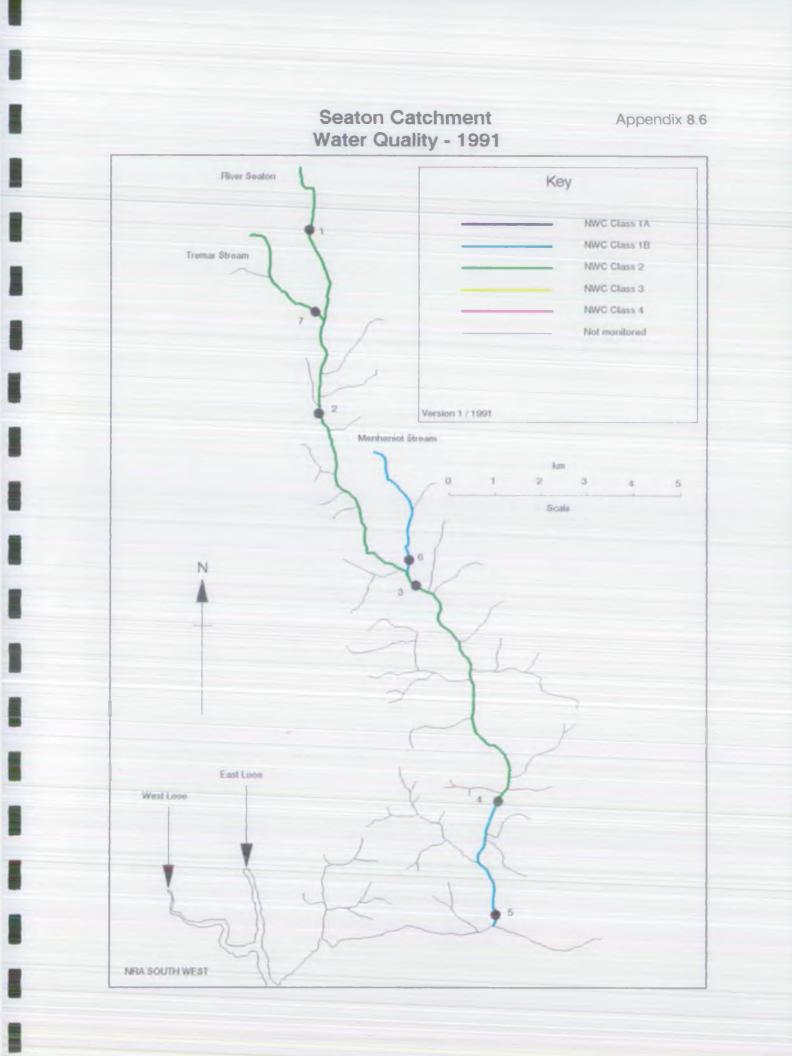
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Appendix 8.5

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NATIONAL RIVERS ANTI-DRUTY - SOUTH WEST REGION 1991 RIVER WORR QUALITY CLASSIFICATION CALLARED DETERMINAND STREISTICS USED FOR QUALITY ASSESSMENT CATCHMENT: SEATON

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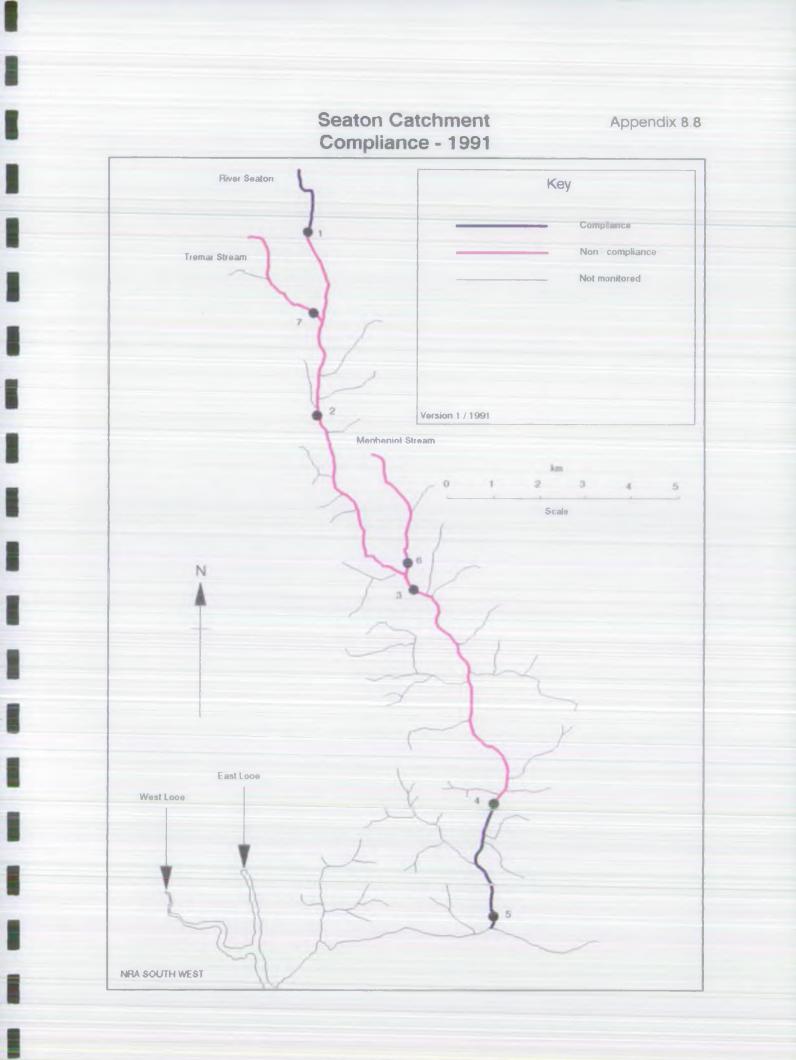
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River	Reach upstream of	User 10	a	11		Olai	ated Date	rininar	d Statis	tics us	ed for Q	ality	Assessme	nt.							-		
12 C	1	Ref.	1	1	1					1	1	1		1		1				1		1	
		Number	1	pH Low	er	pH 1	ipper	Terq	endure	(DC	(1)	BO	d (Atu)	Total	Ameria	Uhion.	Amonia	5.9	olids	(Total	Copper	Tota	1 Zinc
l .				Class 5	ا ملغة	Class	95kile	Class	s 95%ile		5411e	Clas	s 95%ile	Class	s 95kile	Class	95 kile	Class	Menn	i Class	: 95kila		95 <u>til</u> e
			1	i.												ļ						i	
SERION	CROW'S NEST	R13A001	3	1A	5.8	1A	6.5	- <u>1</u> A	14.5	 1a	81.2	11)	1.9	1	0.040	18	0.010	1	6.5	2	1201.0	2	571.1
SERION	HENDRA BRIDGE	FL3A00211	лİ	1A (6.8	18	7.5	18	14.8	ี่บอ	79.8	18	2.9	i 1A	0.240	A L	0.010	אנן	13.1	į 2	217.0	j 1A	139.0
SEATON	COURDNEY'S MILL BRIDGE	R134003 1	АÍ	1À I	7.2	1A	7.9	1A.	14.5	į 18	80.0 j	14	2.2	j 1A	0.120	j IA	0.010	j 1A	8.5	2	100.0	j 1A	67.0
SEATON	HESSENFORD	[R13A004] 1	хİ	14	7.3	11	8.0	1A	15.0	j 1A	85.0 j	14	2.4	j 1A	0.120	1 A	0.010	I IA	7.5	j 2	45.0	1 1 A	37.0
SALON	SEADON HEACH	[R13005] 1	вį	JÅ .	7.2	18	7.8	18	14.9	10	72.5	1A	2.3	i 1v	0.176	1 1	0.010	Ж	7.3	1	45.0	j 1A	37.0
MENHENDOT STREAM	AT FACTORY	R134009 1	<u>, v</u>	1A '	7.3	JA	8.0	14	14.9	18	77.5	-IA	2.7	A	0.250	<u>مت</u>	0.010		10.2	AL	61.0	1	76.0
TREMAR STIREAM	ROSECRACIOC	RL3A008 1		<u> </u>	6.4	14	7.5	18	14.4	18	74.7	<u>н</u> 1А	2.6	118	0.325	1	0.010	1	1 7.9	2	437.0	2	273.0
L	I		_1_									11		<u> </u>									

Appendix 8.7



NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION 1991 RIVER WHER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION NUMBER OF SAMPLES (N) AND NUMBER OF SAMPLES EXCEEDING QUALITY SUMMAND (F) CATCHMENT: SEATON

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River	Reach upstream of	User Ref.	b H 1	CHRE	⊈H	Upper	Temper	ature	00	(\$)	800 (ATU)	Total	Ameria	Union.	Atmonia	S.Soli	ав 	Total	orber	Total	Zinc
		Nuther	N	F	N	P	N	F	N	P	N	F	N	F	. N	r	N	2	N	P	L\$	P
		1 - 1		i i																ļ		
				1				125	 		Í		2.1									
SERION	CROW'S NEST	R134001	39		39	-	38	-	38	-	39	-	39		23	-	39	-	38	-	38	_
SEATON	HENDRA BRIDGE	[R134002]	39	- 1	j 39	-	38	-	38	1	39	1	39	1	38	- 1	39	5	39	36	39	-
SEATON	COURTNEY'S MILL BRIDGE	[R13A003]	39	-	j 39	-	39	-	39	1	39	-	39	-	39	-	39	2	39	24	39	-
SEACON	HESSENFORD	[R134004]	39	1.1.1	j 39	-	38	-	38	-	39	-	1 39	-	36	-	39	2	39	5 (39	-
SEATON	SERIEN BEACH	R132005	41	-	41	-	41	-	40	-	41	-	1 41	-	39	-	41	1	39	-	39	-
MENHENILOT SILHEAM	AT FACIORY	[R134009]	29	-	29	-	28	-	28	2	29	-	29	1	26		29	2	29	1	29	-
TREMAR STREAM	ROSECRADOC	[R13A008]	29	-	29	-	28	-	28	1	29	-	29	1	28	-	29	1	29	16	29	7

Appendix 8.9

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NATIONAL RIVERS AUTHORITY - SOUTH WEST REGION 1991 RIVER WATER QUALITY CLASSIFICATION PERCENTAGE EXCEEDENCE OF DETERMINAND STATISTICS FROM QUALITY STANDARDS CATCHMENT: SEATON

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River	Reach upstream of	User		PERCENTAGE	EXCEEDENCE OF	STATISTIC	PROM QUALIT	Y STANDARD				
Ì		Ref.		1	1	ł			1			1
		Number	pH Lower	pH Upper	Temperature	DO (%)	BOD (ATU)	Total Ammonia	Un-ionised Ammonia	Suspended	Total Copper	Total Zinc
								PAUMOLITO			CODDer 1	DINC
]					4	1	. 1	
SEATON	CROW'S NEST	R13A001	-			i 		-	i	i - i	-	-
SEATON	HENDRA BRIDGE	R13A002	1 ÷	 - > 	-	- 1	- 1	- 1	1 1	-	886	-
SEATON	COURTNEY'S MILL BRIDGE	R13A003	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	- : 2)	150	-
SEATON	HESSENFORD	[R13A004]	-	-	j - i	- 1	- 1	-	-		13	-
SEATON	SEATON BEACH	R13A005	1 1	10 .0 0	÷	0.0	-	-	-		-	-
MENHENIOT STREAM	AT FACTORY	R13A009	-	-		3	-	-	-	ii		
TREMAR STREAM	ROSECRADDOC	R13A008		-	-	- 7	-	5	-	-	1886	37
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Appendix 8.10

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