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IRISH SEA NUTRIENTS SURVEY

Dr I ZINGER GIZE EQ & PC JULY 1991

MSP _ 003

ENVIRONMENT AGENCY

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IRISH SEA NUTRIENT SURVEY

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Within a Northern Seas Action Programme (NORSAP) initiative, more information on nutrient levels in the Irish Sea has been acquired, <u>via</u> intensive survey work at the beginning of 1991. The objective of the project has been to coordinate and establish a database for nutrient trends in the Irish Sea, with the help of existing monitoring programmes.

Within its terms of references, UK organisations have been responsible for surveying the North West Coast of England and Wales. The NRA - North West region contribution is illustrated in Figure 1. In the present report, further data was also acquired by NRA - Wales region and MAFF in order to better understand and interpret results.

2.0 RESULTS

Sampling was achieved within a two week period, which under winter conditions is acceptable as biological activity is at a minimum. Also as required, all dissolved nutrient concentrations have been recorded in μ mol/l: for SiO₂ in the form of Si, NO₃ and NH₃ in form of N, and PO₄ in terms of P.

Discussions on the relationship between SiO_2 -Si, NO_3 -N, NH_3 -N, PO_4 -P and salinity will be presented in the current document, with emphasis on sampling sites which display unexpected nutrient levels. Raw data is listed in Appendix 1, while basic statistical information such as mean, minimum and maximum concentrations have also been compiled in Appendix 2.

2.1 ESTUARY DATA

Four major estuaries in the North West of England have been surveyed, namely: the Solway Firth, the Ribble, the Mersey and the Dee. To explore linear regressions between nutrients and salinity, equations with their respective probabilities have been computed, with the linear trends illustrated in Figures 2 to 5. The equations, with respective statistics, have been tabulated in Appendix 3. Appendix 4 provides for each estuary all nutrient equation residuals plotted against station numbers, which helped identify possible localised water quality phenomena. An overview of all results follows, with some detailed descriptions of each estuary.

2.1.1 <u>Estuary Comparisons</u>

Table 1 summarises the equation slope differences between estuaries, and Table 2 shows the extrapolated inland levels at zero salinity. In general, it appears that the Solway is the least polluted estuary, as its nutrient levels are lower than the other estuaries.

The Mersey tends to display greater slopes and higher 'inland concentrations' with NH $_3$ reaching an hypothetical 445 μ mol/l NH $_3$ -N. The Mersey and the Ribble have ten times more PO $_4$ than the two other estuaries, and the NH $_3$ reaches 306 μ mol/l NH $_3$ -N in the Dee.

2.1.2 <u>Individual estuaries</u>

In order to help understand the nutrient inputs to the Irish Sea, a brief description of each estuary data have been summarised in this section.

2.1.2a Solway

The data used to examine the Solway incorporated some of the N-S coastal stations readings, i.e. sites 75-88, due to the presence and influence of the Marchon effluent discharge located along the coast, between stations 65 and 70. Using this set of data, equations were computed to determine the nutrients - salinity relationships. Note that because of erroneous findings no data from station 80 are given, and that nutrient data is missing for stations 86 to 89 and S6.

With the exception of PO₄, the linear regressions demonstrated that all equations were significant at the 0.01 level, i.e. correlation exists at a 99.99% confidence interval, with a high percentage of data fitting the equations. Results also demonstrate the decrease in nutrient concentrations with increasing salinity, i.e. 'salting-out' effect.

In the case of PO₄, the equation is significant at the 0.05 level, but with only 32.4% data fitting. The noticeable positive slope in the equation (Figure 5) can be explained by the coastal effluent at Marchon, known to discharge annually 18 615 tonnes of phosphate (Greenpeace, 1990).

Station S5, located at the mouths of the Waver and the Wampool rivers, displays lower than expected levels of Si, NO₃ and NH₃. This phenomenon, coupled with a close examination of the raw data, provides evidence that nutrients originate from further upstream, possibly caused by sewage, and that the merging of these rivers results in a net dilution.

Principal component analysis (PCA), which combines nutrient and salinity measurements for each station, shows that the dominant nutrient factor 'influencing' the Solway is NO₃, followed by PO₄. Furthermore, the high N:P ratios at stations S1 to S3 indicate that the Solway could be prone to algal blooms in the upstream section of the estuary.

2.1.2b Ribble

High levels between 6.5 and 16.5 μ mol/l PO₄-P were seen to the concentrated inland, between stations R14 and R19. These levels result possibly from the presence of the Clifton March sewage work in that stretch of the estuary.

Similarly, the high NH₃ residual values recorded in stations R11 to R15, illustrated in Figure 6, indicate anthropological inputs explained by the presence of various sewage works in the area. The predominant sources are possibly the Wigan and Skelmersdale sewage works which discharges into the Douglas River, a tributary to the Ribble.

It can be observed that the latter tributary contributes to the Ribble water quality, as the Si:P ratio, indicative of fresh water inputs, increases up to 42 at station R12.

Results indicate that all linear regressions are significant at the 0.01 level. However, in the case of PO₄ only 45.0% data fit the equation. The principal component analysis also indicates that salinity, followed by PO₄, help in 'differentiating' stations.

2.1.2c Mersey

Due to water circulation patterns, it has proven difficult to establish where the Mersey estuary ends and the Irish Sea begins. As a result, the data set used to compute the nutrients versus salinity equations comprise sampling points from the Mersey survey, together with all three coastal runs. The station numbers were then renamed, and referred in Appendix 1.

Various industrial effluents are present along the Mersey estuary and are possibly responsible for some of the unusual levels of nutrients recorded, e.g. as seen in the residual Si plot in Figure 7. Stations M18-M15 were found to contain very high NH $_3$ concentrations, ranging up to 357.1 μ mol/l NH $_3$ -N, with high levels also of NO $_3$, Si and PO $_4$. Low levels of Si and PO $_4$, together with high NH $_3$ concentrations are found between stations M15 and M11. It worth noting that the river Weaver joins the Mersey near station M12 and may contribute to dilution. Station M1 shows a higher than expected PO $_4$ concentration.

All computed equations were found to be significant at the 0.01 level, and all showed a negative correlation between nutrients and salinity. The parameters which vary the most within the Mersey appear to be salinity and Si, and to a lesser degree NO₃, as well illustrated in the 'upstream' stretch of the estuary, i.e. from stations M10 to M19.

2.1.2d Dee

A constant level equal to 0.2 $\mu mol/1$ NH₃-N was recorded throughout the estuary, with about 42 % missing values. These two facts give reason to suspect erroneous

measurements, and therefore no further comments will be given for this parameter.

Stations D16 to D23 demonstrate high Si and NO_3 concentrations, possibly derived from the presence of nearby sewage work discharges. However, station D19 shows lower concentrations which could indicate a difference in water quality around that particular part of the estuary. Also, lower than expected PO_4 levels were recorded between stations D10 and D20, perhaps indicative of a PO_4 -P sink along that section of the estuary. The high N:P ratios indicate that this upstream section of the estuary, i.e. D14 to D24, may be susceptible to algal bloom production.

The equations for Si, NO_3 and PO_4 were found to be significant at the 0.01 levels, but only accounted for 56% of PO_4 data. All three equations showed a negative correlation between nutrients and salinity.

The parameters which vary the most within the Mersey, identified by PCA, were salinity, followed by PO₄. The residual PO₄ (derived from the equation) <u>versus</u> station plot (Figure 8) illustrates the scattered behaviour of this nutrient within the estuary.

2.2 SEA DATA

Three sea, as opposed to estuarine, surveys were carried out during the NORSAP exercise: N-S and W-E coastal runs, and an Irish Sea transect running from the Isle of Man to the mouth of the Mersey. As before, Appendix 1 contains all raw data while Appendices 2 and 3 reveal, respectively, basic data statistics and linear regression equations (nutrients versus salinity) for each coastal run.

2.2.1 Coastal runs

Nutrient level averages within the Irish Sea and W-E coastal runs are similar, whereas the N-S Coast nutrient concentrations tend to be higher, perhaps due to the difference in salinity. The mean salinity within the N-S traverse is more dilute, 31.51 o/oo versus 33.7 and 34.14 o/oo for W-E coast and Irish Sea transect, indicating a potentially greater capacity for traditional solutes.

2.2.1a West-East Coast

Sludge dumping activities along the W-E coastal run (around stations SB19 and SB20) are currently under operation. In parallel, high levels of PO_4 are encountered between stations SB16 and SB20, reaching 2.3 μ mol/l PO_4 -P. Nutrient levels at station SB21 indicate that a different type of water quality was probably encountered, as all concentrations were lower than normally expected, e.g. site SB20 has 10.6 μ mol/l NO_3 -N, while site SB21 shows 6.8 μ mol/l NO_3 -N.

Only the Si <u>versus</u> salinity equation was significant at the 0.01 level, and the greatest variability in nutrients was observed in PO₄, followed by NO₃. On the basis of the Si:P ratios, fresh water input was greater at SB22 and SB23.

2.2.1b North-South Coast

Following the coast from the north towards the south, samples were taken at one mile interval. It can be observed that some sampling sites display higher than expected NH₃ levels, reaching up to 66 μ mol/l NH₃-N, i.e. namely stations 61, 53, 48, 39, and 15. For station 41 the Si concentration is 23.9 μ mol/l SiO₂-Si.

Between stations 55 and 59, high concentrations ranging from 2.0 to 4.6 μ mol/l PO₄-P were recorded, and remained elevated all the way to station 75. The northern presence of the Marchon industrial outlet, already mentioned in section 2.1.2a, coupled with the nearby British Nuclear Fuel discharge, provide some explanations for the PO₄ levels measured along that coastal stretch.

The levels of NO_3 between stations 26 and 30 ranged from 26.5 to 39.8 NO_3 -N μ mol/l and could be possibly due to a strong influence by Morecambe Bay water quality, and also by the Fleetwood sewage discharge locally. The NO_3 residual plot in Figure 9 provides further evidence to this effect.

The regression equations for Si and PO_4 are significant at the 0.01 level, while for NO_3 at the 0.05 level. However, in all three cases, only low data percentages are explained, i.e. 19.8% Si, 18.7% PO_4 , and 6.1% NO_3 . These low percentages indicate that other parameters (e.g. local industries) disturb the nutrient distribution in the N-S coastal waters. The greatest variability in additional parameters was salinity, followed by NH_3 .

2.2.1c Irish Sea

Sampling was carried out every two miles from the Isle of Man towards the Mersey estuary. As a result it is not unreasonable to consider that different water masses were encountered. Indeed, for stations I23 and I27, differences in nutrient levels compared to neighbouring stations could be explained by such water quality differences.

Lower than expected levels of Si were observed between stations I26 and I31, while high PO₄ were recorded generally between stations I17 and I26. High N:P ratios were recorded for stations I1 to I15.

While the computed equations were significant for Si, NO_3 , and PO_4 at the 0.01 level, only part of the data could be explained by the expected relationship, i.e. 45.7% of the Si data, 42.0% of the NO_3 data, and 38.0% of the PO_4 data. Other factors (such as front currents) clearly influence the nutrient distributions within the Irish Sea.

3.0 DISCUSSION

Four Irish Sea studies have been used to compare the present findings with past winter nutrient levels, see Table 3. In Jones & Folkard (1971), SiO₂, NO₃ and PO₄ concentrations were recorded during February, with reported salinities ranging between 29 to 34.2 o/oo. In addition, ratios of N:P, N:Si, and Si:P were computed and contours drawn to illustrate the distribution of water masses in the Irish Sea. The current nutrient findings are found to be within similar concentration ranges as the Jones and Folkard (1971) results.

A second more recent study (ICES, 1988) provides further references to nutrient concentrations in winter conditions, but with salinities ranging only between 32 and 34.1 o/oo. In this instance however, the ICES report clearly shows lower nutrient concentrations throughout, perhaps due to differences in analytical techniques.

Hunt and Foster (1977) have concentrated their efforts on the Liverpool Bay waters, looking at dissolved silicate distribution. While Table 3 does show the overall differences between their findings and the 1991 results, Figure 10 illustrates better the changes over the 14 years. It is interesting to note that silicate concentrations seem to have decreased with time.

In the Irish Sea Study Group Report (1990), nitrogen (N) and phosphorus (P) annual loads into the Irish Sea have been summarised, and can be found in Table 4. The findings indicate that the Mersey contributes approximating 29% N and 16% P of the total estimated nutrient inputs into the Irish sea, while the Ribble contributes to 9% N and 4% P. The main sources of nitrogen inputs appears to be industrial for both the Mersey and the Ribble, both at 38%. For phosphorus sources, domestic practices were responsible for 49% input in the Mersey, and 16% of riverine activities in the Ribble. No references were given for the Solway and the Dee estuaries. While no direct measurements of nutrient loads were attempted in the current study, the data appears to be in agreement with the above comments as so far as the linear regression equations for NO3-N only (not PO4-P) demonstrate that the Mersey is generally 'more polluted' than the Ribble.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

Within a Northern Seas Action Programme (NORSAP) initiative, more information on nutrient levels in the Irish Sea has been acquired under winter conditions, when biological activity is hoped to be at a minimum. Figure 1 illustrate best the area investigated by the NRA - North West region.

The current data provided a snap shot of the variation of key nutrients within the operating area under study. Maximum nutrient concentrations were reached in the Mersey as 164.0 μ mol/l SiO₂-Si and 357.1 μ mol/l NH₃-N, and in the

Ribble as 315.8 μ mol/l NO₃-N and 16.3 μ mol/l PO₄-P. These high levels were a consequence of localised agricultural and industrial activities, e.g. known silicate effluent at the top of the Mersey estuary, station M19.

Apart from these pollution point sources, the calculation of linear regressions (decreasing nutrient concentrations with increasing salinity) helped describe conservative nutrient behaviour in estuarine conditions. Lower than expected nutrient levels could be explained by riverine dilution, absorption factor (sink), 'salting-out' effect or water current differentiation.

Future investigations should include nutrient levels under summer conditions, and other parameters such as temperature, and more importantly pH. This latter factor influences nutrient chemical speciation and dictates their solubility properties, consequently determining wether the system is at an equilibrium or not, i.e saturation level.

5.0 SELECTED REFERENCES

- Greenpeace: 1990. Clean Irish Sea. A Greenpeace response to the Irish Sea Study Group Report: Waste inputs and Pollution. Eds. P. Johnston & M. Simmonds, Amsterdam, 48 pages.
- Hunt D.T.E., P. Foster: 1977. Studies of the mixing of coastal waters in Liverpool Bay using dissolved silicate as a tracer. Water Research 11: 465-470.
- ICES (International Council for the Exploration of the Sea):

 1988. The status of current knowledge on anthropogenic influences in the Irish Sea. Eds. R.R. Dickson & R.G.V. Boelens, Copenhagen, 88 pages.
- Irish Study Group: 1990. <u>The Irish Sea: an environmental review.</u> Part two Waste inputs and Pollution. Liverpool University Press, 165 pages.
- Jones P.G.W., Folkard A.R.: 1971. Hydrographic observations in the Eastern Irish Sea with particular reference to the distribution of nutrient salts. <u>J. Mar. Biol.</u>
 <u>Assoc. UK</u> 51: 159-182.

Table 1: Slope differences between surveyed estuaries

Si	Solway < Ribble < Dee < Mersey
н о ₃	Solway < Ribble < Mersey < Dee
NH ₃	Solway < Ribble < Mersey
PO ₄	Dee < Mersey < Ribble

no Dee : Solway (+) slope

Table 2: Estimated inland nutrient inputs, derived for the linear regressions

Si	Solway < Ribble < Dee < Mersey 67.4 113 179 183 μmol/l
NO3	Solway < Ribble < Mersey < Dee 182 256 277 306 µmol/l
инз	Solway < Ribble < Mersey no Dee 12.3 83.9 445 \(\mu\text{mol/l}\)
PO ₄	Solway < Dee < Mersey < Ribble 0.52 1.82 8.43 12.9 μmol/l

Table 3: Comparison of nutrient levels by several authors.

a. Overall

	1971 Study**	Curr	ent Study	ICES Report
	Range	Mean	Range	Range
SiO ₂ -Si	6 - 25	5.1	0.2 - 23.9	0.05 - 0.29
N03-N	6 - 35	11.2	2.3 - 50.0	0.36 - 0.50*
PO ₄ -P	0.6 - 2.0	1.2	0.10 - 4.60	0.03 - 0.04
N:P	5 - 25	18.1	2.6 - 194.0	
N:Si	1.1 - 1.6	3.2	0.6 - 27.8	
Si:P	6 - 15	8.0	1.0 - 89.0	= 0

All units in μ mol/l ** Jones and Folkard authors

* up to 2.86

b. SiO₂-Si

	Irish Sea	Solway	Mersey
ICES Report	0.05 - 0.29	0.50	0.89
Current Study	0.2 - 23.9	19.65	35.82

All units in $\mu mol/1$

	Irish Sea	W-E Coast	N-S Coast
Hunt & Foster	12.5 - 12.9	7.7 - 10.7	10.7 - 19.6
Current Study*	0.2 - 23.9	0.7 - 5.4	0.2 - 12.8

^{*} data points restricted to Hunt & Foster study area All units in $\mu mol/l$

Table 3: Cont'd

c. NO3-N

	Irish Sea	Mersey
ICES Report	0.36 - 0.50*	2.07 - 2.57
Current Study	2.3 - 50.0	76.69

* up to 2.86 μ mol/l All units in μ mol/l

d. PO₄-P

**	Irish Sea	Mersey
ICES Report	0.03 - 0.04	0.07
Current Study	0.10 - 4.60	2.61

All units in μ mol/l

Table 4: Estimated annual nitrogen and phosphorus loads into the Irish Sea (extract: Waste Inputs and Pollution, Irish Sea Study Group 1990).

a. NITROGEN

	D	I	, R	TOTAL*
Total*	10.7	2.6	76.4	89.7
Mersey Ribble	4 - 378 1 - 98	1 - 38% -1 - 38%	21 - 27% 6 - 8%	26 - 29% 8 - 9%

Units in 1000 tons/year

* Total nutrient input into the Irish Sea

D = Domestic

I = Industry

R = River

b. PHOSPHORUS

	D	I ·	R	TOTAL*
Total*	1.9	16.3	6.1	24.3
Mersey Ribble	1 - 53% 0 - 0%	0 - 0% 0 - 0%	3 - 49% 1 - 16%	4 - 16% 1 - 4%

Units in 1000 tons/year

* Total nutrient input into the Irish Sea

D = Domestic

I = Industry

R = River

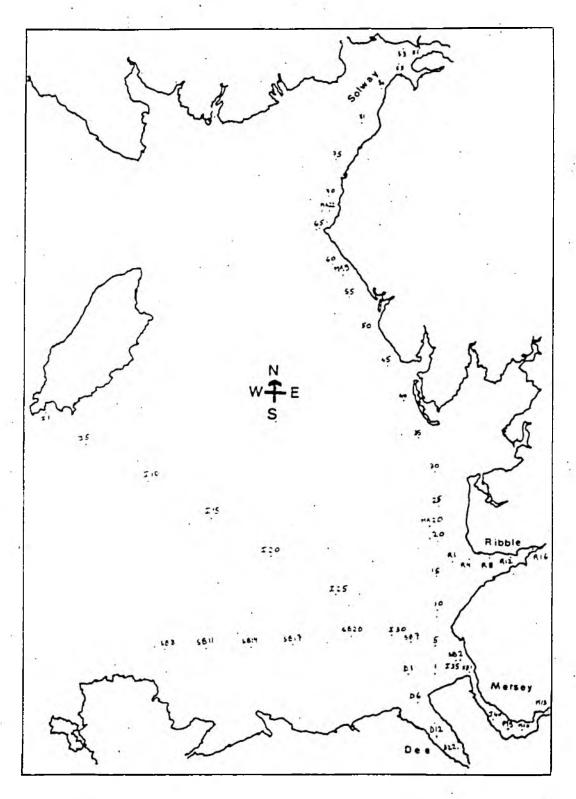


Figure 1: Position of some sampling sites in the Irish Sea survey. [S = Solway, R = Ribble, M = Mersey, D = Dee, MA = MAFF samples, I = Irish Sea transect, SB = W-E coastal run, plain numbers = N-S coastal run]

Figure 2: Si Distribution Estuary Data

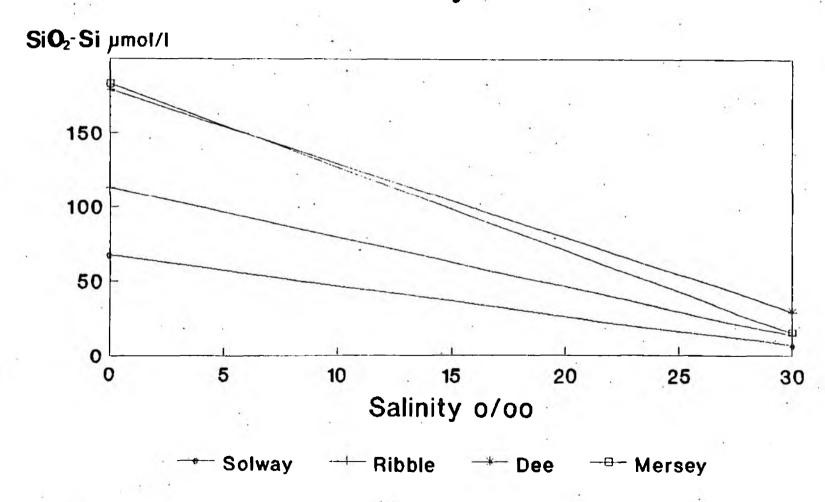


Figure 3: NO₃ Distribution Estuary Data

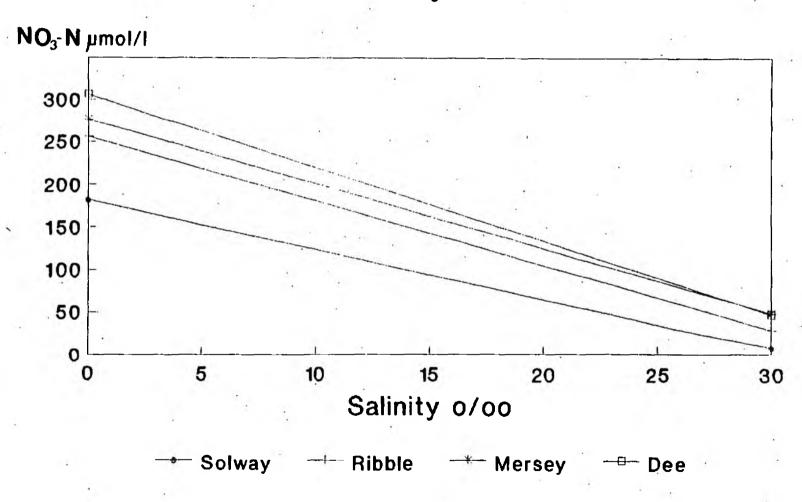


Figure 4: NH₃ Distribution Estuary Data

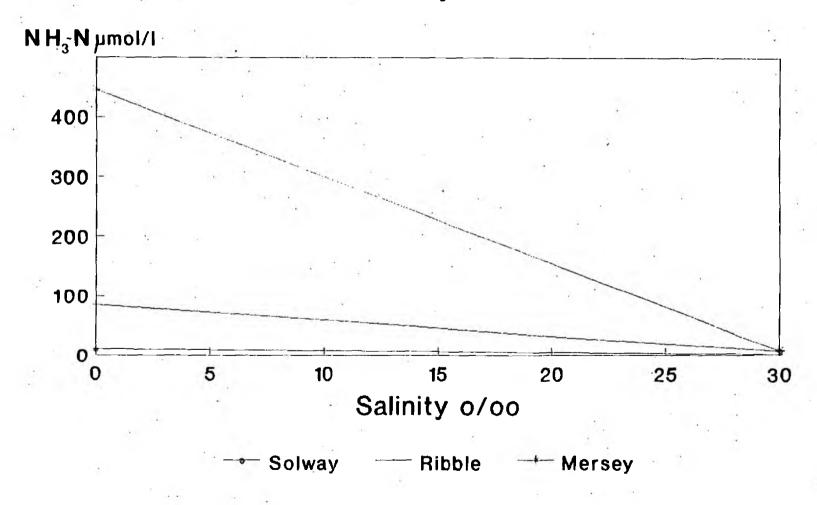


Figure 5: PO₄ Distribution Estuary Data

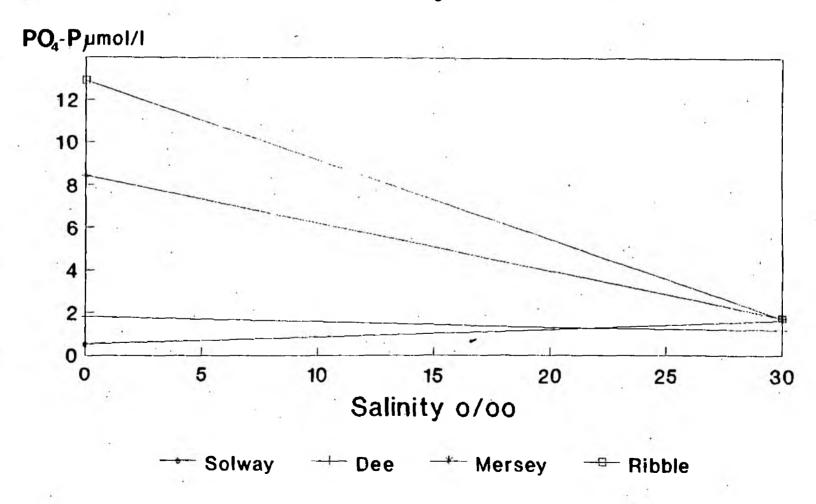
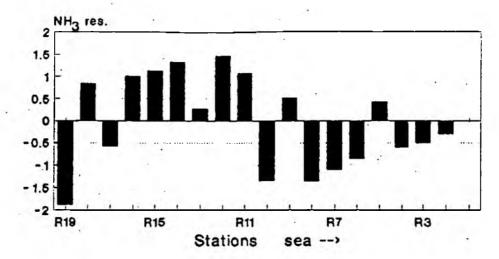


Figure 6a: Bar chart

NH₃ residual plot



winter 1991

Figure 6b: Graph

NH₃ residual plot

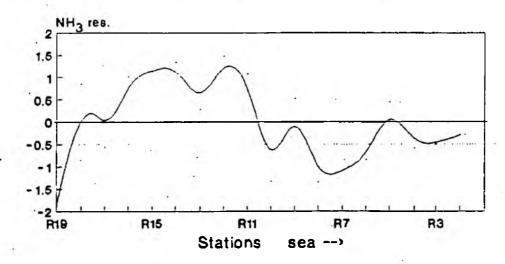
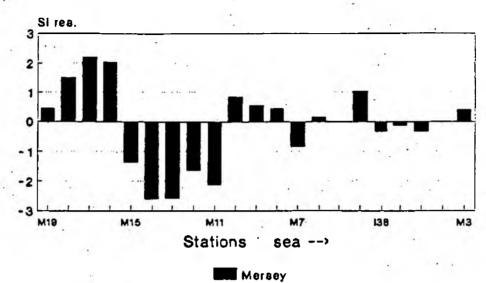


Figure 7a: Bar chart

Si residual plot Mersey (section)



winter 1991

Figure 7b: Graph

Si residual plot Mersey (section)

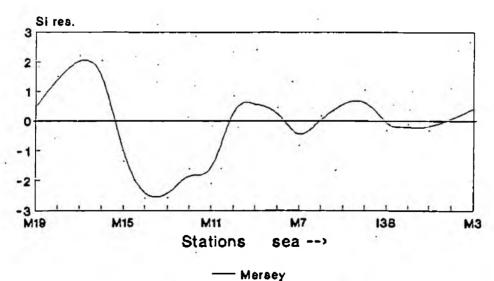
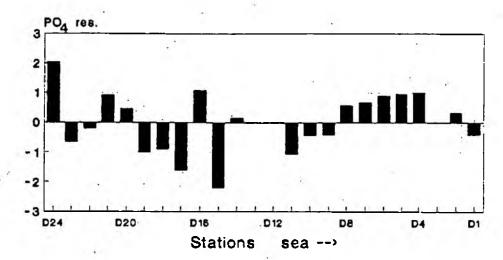


Figure 8a: Bar chart

PO₄ residual plot



winter 1991

Figure 8b: Graph

PO₄ residual plot Dee

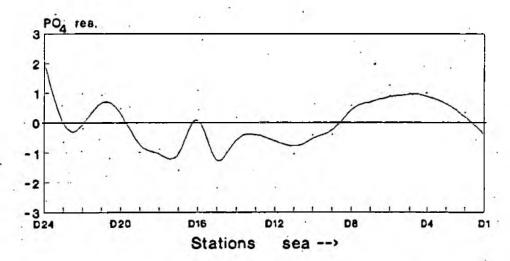
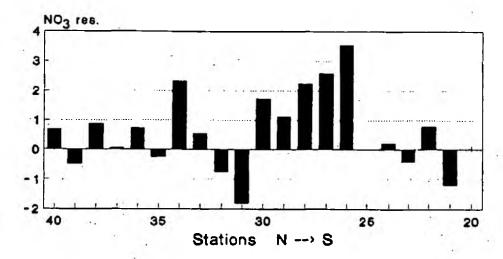


Figure 9a: Bar chart

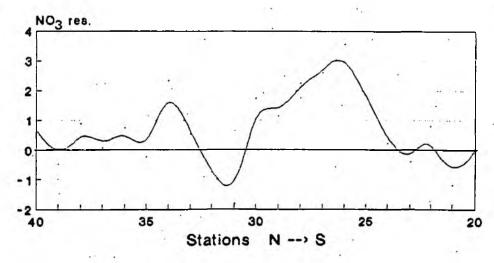
NO₃ residual plot N-S Coast (section)



winter 1991

Figure 9b: Graph

NO₃ residual plot N-S Coast (section)



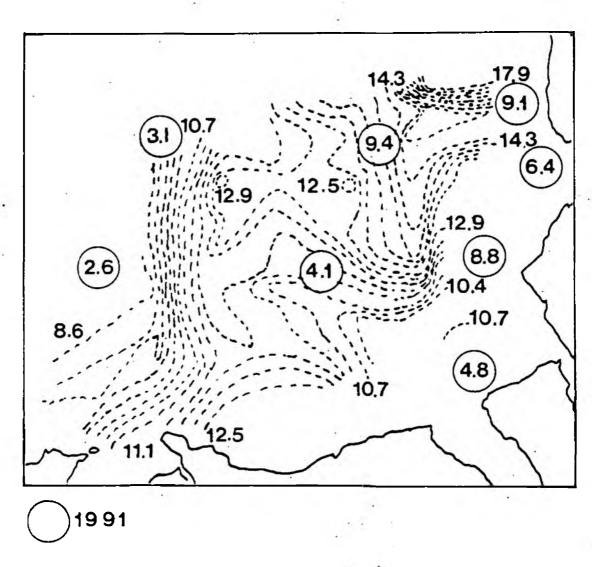


Figure 10: Silicate distribution comparison between 1975 (Hunt and Foster, 1977) and 1991, in $\mu mol/l$

APPENDIX 1

RAW DATA

KEY:

1014	Total Oxidised Nitrogen (pmoi/1)
Si	SiO_2 -Si (μ mol/1)
NO2	$NO_2-N \ (\mu mol/1)$
NO3	NO_3 -N (μ mol/1)
NH3	$NH_3-N \ (\mu mol/1)$
PO4	PO_4 -P (μ mol/1)
Salin.	Salinity in o/oo
*	missing data points
	circled numbers indicate erroneous data points to be ignored

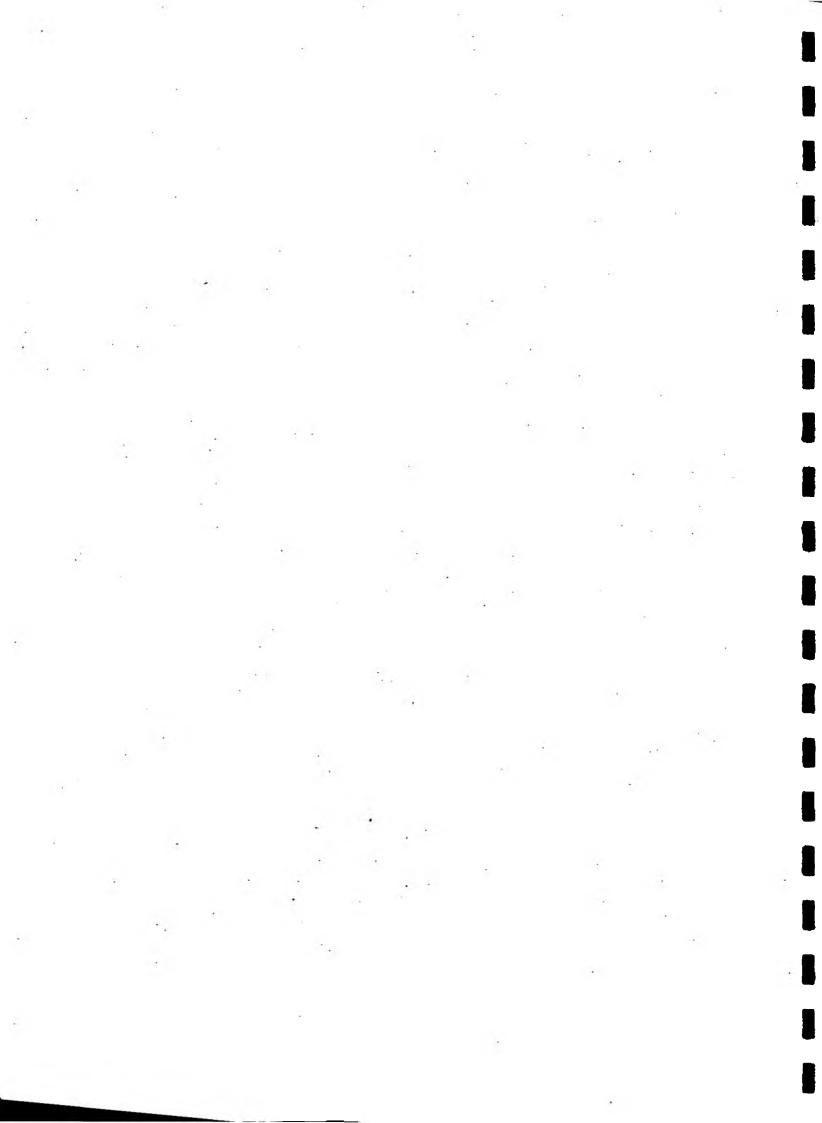
Solway		•							
•	tion	date	Si	TON	NO2	коз	инз	PO4	Salin.
	S3	910116	49.6	115.7	0.3	115.4	7.9	1.2	13.082
	S2	910116	41.8	105.7	0.4	105.3	6.9	1.2	14.023
	S1	910116	42.9	113.2	0.4	112.8 32.5	8.1 4.4	1.2	14.878
	S5 S6	910116 910116	6.2	32.9	0.4 .	32.5	* • 4	1.3	18.355 19.297
	86	910116	*		-	*	*	*	19.430
	. 88	910116	•	•			*	*	20.092
	S4	910116	24.6	60.7	0.3	60.4	5.1	1.4	20.701
	87	910116	#	*	*	*	*	*	21.857
	85	910116	33.7	49.1	0.2	48.9	*	1.2	23.990
	84	910116	12.4	*	0.2	*	3.1	1.1	24.954
	79	910115	6.9	24.4	0.3	24.1	3.6	1.4	25.773
	83	910116	2.7	11.0	0.1	10.9	2.1	1.9	27.723
	82	910116 .	13.0	20.7	0.3	20.4	2.0	2.0	28.080
	81	910116	11.7	25.4	0.3	25.1	2.3	1.6	28.308
	78	910115	11.7	19.6	0.3	19.3	2.1	2.2	28.428
	77	910115 .	7.4	. 20.7	*	*	1.6	1.3	28.508
	76	910115	18.6	20.8	0.1	20.7	1.4	1.4	29.099
	75	910115	11.6	13.4	0.4	13.0	3.0	2.4	29.709
Ribble								,	
stat	ion	date	Si	ToN	NO2	поз	инз	PO4	Salin.
	RI	910130	4.8	34.9	1.9	33.0	9.6	1.5	*
	R19	910130	105.8	284.2	4.3	279.9	72.1	16.3	1.126
	R18	910130	111.1	320.9	5.1	315.8	79.0	(1.0)	3.736
	R17	910130	58.2	99.1	2.1 .		52.9	14.1	11.157
	R16	910130	61.1	130.0	5.0	125.0	43.6	11.7	18.656
	R15	910130	27.0	64.9	1.8	63.1	35.1	6.5	22.371
	R13	910130	41.8	50.1	4.3	45.8	25.4	1.9	24.197
	R14	910130	.42.9	81.5	1.7	79.8	31.0	6.5	24.493
	R12	910130	33.9	81.2	1.9	79.3	26.1	0.8	26.788
	R11	910130	28.9	54.7	1.5	53.2	21.2	1.5	27.811
	R9	910130	22.3	53.4	*	E-10	15.6	1.1	28.688
	R10	910130	11.7	34.7	3.1	31.6	3.9	1.1	28.914
	R8	910130	14.5	50.9	3.4	47.5	3.8	1.1	28.931
	R7	910130	15.8	50.4	3.4	47.0	4.9	1.1	29.099
	R6	910130	16.5	43.1	3.6	39.5	3.9	2.4	30.106
	R5	910130	6.6	27.2	2.1	25.1	11.5	2.3	30.135
	R4	910130	6.4	25.8	1.8	24.0	3.9	1.1	30.735
	R3	910130	4.7	43.4	1.9	41.5	3.9 4.6	1.7	30.940
	_ ,	W 1 () 1 ()	1 1 . ()	# D . D	1.3		D	/ . U	סטיייר

Solway

,				
tati	On	N:P	N:Si	Si:P
	S 3	96.1667	2.32661	41.3333
	52	87.7500	2.51914	34.8333
	Si	94.0000	2.62937	35.7500
	S5		5.24194	4.7692
	56	•	*	•
	86	*	*	*
	88	*	*	*
	S4	43.1429	2.45528	17.5714
	87	*	*	*
	85	40.7500	1.45104	28.0833
	84	*	*	11.2727
	79	17.2143	3.49275	4.9286
	83	5.7368	4.03704	1.4211
	82	10.2000	1.56923	6.5000
	61	15.6875	2.14530	7.3125
	78	8.7727	1.64957	5.3182
	77	*	*	5.6923
	76	14.7857	1.11290	13.2857
	75	5.4167	1.12069	4.8333

Ribble sta

st	ation	. N:P	N:Si	Si:P
	Rl	22.000	6.87500	3.200
	R19	17,172	2.64556	6.491
	R18	315.800	2.84248	(111.100)
	R17	0.688	(0.16667)	4.128
	R16	10.684	2.04583	5.222
	R15	9.708	2.33704	4.154
	R 13	24.105	1.09569	22.000
	R14	12.277	1.86014	6.600
	R12	99.125	2.33923	42.375
	R11	35.467	1.84083	19.267
	R9	9.0	*	20.273
	R10	28.727	2.70085	10.636
	R8	43.182	3.27586	13.182
	R7	42.727	2.97468	14.364
	R6	16.458	2.39394	6.875
	R5	10.913	3.80303	2.870
	R4	21.818 -	3.75000	5.818
	R3	24.412	8.82979	2.765
	R2	22.150	4.02727	5.500



Mers	еу								
s	tation	date	Si	TON	NOZ	NO3	кнз	P04	Salin.
14.0	M6	910131	35.7	60.5	3.6	56.9	20.9	2.6	
16.5	M4	910131	10.2	29.6	2.5	27.1	8.6	2.6	
18.6	\$B29	910121	39.3	134.6	10.4	124.2	29.3	4.4	
10.2	5B28	910121	39.3	91.4	3.4	88.0	6.8	2.9	•
20.0	SB27	910121	36.6	50.1	2.4	47.7	17.1	4.2	
1.0	M19	910131	164.0	99.8	4.2	95.6	357.1	9.6	4.251
2.0	M18	910131	144.7	249.9	8.9	241.0	321.4	5.5	10.050
3.0	'M17	910131	137.6	- 245.4	8.6	236.8	300.0	5.3	12.920
4.0	M16	910131	124.9	250.6	12.4	238.2	302.1	*	14.893
6.0	M14	910131	57.0	118.9	4 . 6	114.3	300.4	4.9	16.671
5.0	M15	910131	67.6	152.5	8.1	144.4	315.0	3.0	17.563
7.0	M13	910131	39.4	93.6	3.7	89.9	93.2	2.6	19.805
8.0	M12	910131	47.0	125.7	2.1	123.6	55.3	2.1	20.630
9.0	M11	910131	35.1	110.4	3.1	107.3	57.9	4.1	21.619
10.0	M10	910131	69.0	162.1	9.7	152.4	35.9	4.9	22.253
11.0	М9	910131	54.3	161.3	8.4	152.9	57.1	3.4	24.289
13.5	140	910123	47.4	200.0	7 . 8	192.2	60.9	2.1	24.648
18.4 12.0	SB1	910121	46.4	114.6	11.3	103.3	28.6	3.0	25.218
14.5	MB	910131	44.6	124.0	7.1	116.9	26.6	3.1	25.808
13.0	139	910123	46.1	105.9	4 . 2	101.7	27.4	3.1	26.891
13.0	M7	910131	21.0	43.2	2.1	41.1	21.3	2.6	27.062
									1.
15.0	138	910123	24.5	91.3	4.1	87.2	19.6	1.3	27.582
20.6 16.0	SB2	910121 910123	32.0 19.6	69.6 78.2	4.9° 2.5	64.7 75.7	10.7 25.3	2.2 2.8	27.763
18.0	136	910123	19.0	76.7	2.5	74.2	57.6	1.4	28.482 28.565
20.3	135	910123	11.3	45.8	1.8	44.0	7.8	2.4	29.933
22.0	SB4	910121	8.9	38.1	0.9	37.2	18.6	1.5	29.986
21.3	SB3	910121	11.2	39.1	0.9	38.2	5.6	1.6	30.053
23.0	\$B26	910121	8.0	5.4	1.6	3.8	9.1	1.7	30.092
21.6	134	910123	16.0	37.6	1.4	36.2	4.0	0.1	30.107
15.5	M5	910131	12.1	26.1	1.2	24.9	4.1	1.6	30.300
23.5	885	910121	13.6	41.3	1.7	39.6	0.5	2.3	30.739
26.0	SB6	910121	10.3	34.4	0.8	33.6	4.7	1.8	30.743
19.0	M 2	910131	11.7	22.1	1.6	20.5	•	1.1	30.934
25.0	SB25	910121	6.5	28.4	0.7	27.7	2.4	1.3	30.996
21.0	Ml	910131	15.1	31.5	1.9	29.6	1.9	3.1	31.263
17.0	M3	910131	13.4	31.3	1.9	29.4	2.9	2.0	31.278
24.4	4	910115	10.8	37.3	0.2	37.0	3.9	1.7	31.734
24.3	3	910115	8.2	29.8	0.3	29.5	3.2`	1.8	31.780
27.0	SB24	910121	9.2	24.6	0.4	24.2	1.8	1.3	31.978
24.5	5	910115	7.8	19.4	0.1	19.2	2.1	1.6	32,129
24.6	6	910115	3.0	27.5	0.1	27.4	1.2	0.1	32.539
24.1	1	910115	4.8	15.6	0.1	15.5	0.6	1.3	. 32.829
27.5	S B7	910121	4.6	16.8	0.1	16.7	0.1	1.3	32.921
	ż	910115	6.2	19.5	0.1	19.4	1.7	1.5	32.955
24.2	-	720223	5.6		7.1	43.4	a • • •	2.7	36,733

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D								
Dee								
station	date	Si	ToN	NO2	поз	инз	PO4	Salin.
D1 3	910116	35.1	68.4	0.9	67.5	0.2	1.3	•
D1 2		35.3	46.9	0.5	46.4	0.2	. 1.2	*
D3		12.3	16.1	0.1	16.0	0.2	1.2	*
D24		126.8	251.4	1.7	249.7	*	1.9	8.215
D23		116.1	214.6	1.5	213.1	*	1.5	12.271
D19		102.4	117.1	1.4	115.7	*	.1.4	15.062
D22		110.0	210.4	1.3	209.1	•	1.5	15.092
, D21	910116	100.8	168.6	1.2	167.4	*	1.6	17.518
D16		89.4	68.2	1.2	67.0	•	1.6	18.568
D20		82.5	147.9	1.0	146.9		1.5	19.536
D18		76.4	152.1	. 1.2	150.9	*	1.3	20.469
D17		89.4	156.1	1.0	155.1	•	1.2	20.779
D15			71.4	0.9	70.5	0.2	1.0	26.920
D14			117.9	0.9	117.0		1.3	27.706
D10		36.3	57.1	0.4	56.7	0.2	1.2	28.776
D9		34.6	53.6	0.4	53.2	0.2	1.2	28.995
D11	910116	32.5	49.4	0.5	48.9	0.2	1.1	29.641
DE		28.3	46.3	0.3	46.0	0.2	1.3	30.385
D7		24.0	38.8	0.3	38.5	0.2	1.3	31.148
. De	910116	16.6	23.7	0.1	23.6	0.2	1.3	32.530
Ds		15.5	20.9	0.1	20.8	0.2	1.3	32.833
_					10 5	0.2	1.3	33.160
D4		12.9	18.6	0.1	18.5			33.821
D		10.8	12.7	0.1	12.6	0.2	1.2	
Di	910116	9.2	8.9	0.1	8.8	0.2	1.1	34.058

Mersey

	station	N:P	N:Si	Si:P
14.0	M 6	21.885	1.59384	13.731
16.5	M4	10.423	2.65686	3.923
18.6	5829	28.227	3.16031	8.932
18.2	SBIS	30.345	2.23919	13.552
20.0	5227	11.357	1.30328	8.714
1.0	M19	9.958	0.58793	17.083
2.0	M18	43.818	1.66551	26.309
3.0	K17	44.679	1.72093	25.962
4.0	M16	•	1.90713	
6.0	M14	23.327	2.00526	11.633
5.0	M15	48.133	2.13609	22.533
7.0	M13	- 34.577	2.28173	15.154
8.0	* M12	58.857	2.62979	22.381
9.0	KII	26.171	3.05698	8.561
10.0	M10	31.102	2.20870	14.082
11.0	· 2.9	44.971	2.81564	15.971
13.5	140	91.524	4.05485	22.571
18.4	SB1	34.433	2.22629	15.467
12.0	8M	37.710	2.62108	14.387
14.5	139	32.806	2.20607	14.871
13.0	H7	15.808	1.95714	B.077
15.0	138	67.077	3.55916	18.846
20.6	582	29,409	2.02187	14.545
16.0	137	27.036	3.86224	7.000
18.0	136	50.000	•	•
20.3	135	10.333	3.89361	4.708
22.0	5P4	24.000	4.17978	5.933
21.3	£83	23.875	3.41071	7.000
23.0	5876	2.235	0.47500	4,706
21.6	134	362.000	2.26250	160.000
15.5	95.5	15.562	2.05785	7.562
23.5	SpS	17.217	2.91175	5.413
26.0	386	18.667	3.26214	5.722
19.0	74.2	18-636	1.75214	10.636
25.0	SE25	21.308	4.26154	5.000
21.0	F: 1	9.548	96026	4.871
17.0	МЭ	14.700	2.19403	6.700
24.4	4	21.765	3,42593	6.353
24.3	3	16.389	3.59756	4.556
27.0	S224	18.415	2.63043	7.077
24.5	5	12.000	2.46154	4.875
24.6	6	274.000	9.13333	30.000
24.1	1 SB7	11.923	3.229)7	3.692
27.5	201	12.846	3.63043	3.538
24.2	. 2	12.933	3.12903	4.133

Dee

stat	icn		N:P	N:Si	Si:P
	D13		1.923	1.92308	27.0000
	D12		3.667	1.31445	29.4167
	D3		3.333	1.30081	10.2500
	D24	131	1.421	1.96924	66.7368
	D23	142	2.067	1.83549	77.4000
	D19	8 2	2.643	1.12988	73.1429
	D22	139	.400	1.90091	73.3333
	D21		1.625	1.66071	63.0000
	D16	زئ	1.875	0.74944	55.8750
	D20	9	7.933	1.780€1	55.0000
	DIB	116	5.077	1.97513	58.7692
	D17	129	9.250	1.73490	74.5000
	D15	70	5.500	•	•
	D14	. 90	0.000	•	•
	D10	4	7.250	1.56198	30.2500
	D9	4	4.333	1.53757	28.8333
	D11	4.4	4.455	1.50462	29.5455
	DB	3 !	5.385	. 1.62544	21.7692
	D7		0.615	1.60417	18.4615
	D6	11	3.154	1.42169	12.7692
-	D5	1	5.000	1.34194	11.9231
4		-			
	D4	1 4	4.231	1.43411	9.9231
	D2	10	5.500	1.16667	9.0000
	D1	1	8.000	0.95652	8.3636

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Ir	is	n	Sea

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station	date	£i	ToN	NO2	NO3	кня	P04	Salin.
MA17	•	9.1	15.3		*	•	1.8	32.560
I31	910123	5.7	11.9	0.4	11.5	0.1	1.1	32.761
MA14		7.8	13.0	•		•	1.6	33130
130	910123	3.4	8.6	0.1	8.5		1.0	33.577
129	910123					0.1		
128	910123	2.6	8.9	0.1			1.3	
127	910123	8.2	14.4	0.1			0.1	
	910123			0.1	9.0	0.1	1.1	3 3.7 26
	910123			0.1	9.0	0.1	1.7	33.731
126	910123	2.2	7.6	n 1	75	1.6	1.A	ጓጊ 7∠1
123	910123 910123 910123	8.9	19.5	0.1	19.4	1.9	0.1	33.764
122	910123	3.7	7,7	0.1	7.6	0.1	1.5	33.981
117	910123	3.4	6.1	0.1	6.0	0.1	1.4	34.124
121	510123	3.3	6.8	0.1	6.7	0.1	1.4	34.140
118	910123	3.4	6.0	0.1	5.9 6.4 6.3 6.2	0.1	1.4 1.3 1.0 1.0	34.141
120	910123	3.1	6.5	0.1	6.4	0:1	1.0	34.173
116	910123	3.0	6.4	0.1	6.3	0.1	1.0	34.184
119	910123 910123	2.9	6.3	0.1	6.3 6.2 4.9	0.1	0.9	34.200
115	910123	*	5.0	0.1	4.9	,0.1	0.1	34.252
115	910123	*	5.0	•	*	0.1	1.0	34.566
111	910123	. 2.1	4.9	0.1	4.8	0.1	0.1	34.588
0.					· ·			
16	910123	2.0	5.7	0.1	5.6	0.1	0.5	34.605
17	910123	2.1	6.1	0.1	6.0	0.1	0.7	34.609
18	910123	1.9	5.6	0.1	5.5	0.1	0.6	34.614
110	910123	2.9	5.9	0.1	5.8	0.1	0.1	34.636
19	910123	3.1	5.6	0.1	5.5	0.1	0.1	34.644
11	010122	2 6	2 4	0 1	2 3	0 1	0 1	34 674
15	910123	*	4.9	0.1	4 . 8	*	0.1	34.678
113	910123	1.8	4.9	0.1	4.8	0.1	0.2	34.706
[4	910123	3.8	6.6	0.1	6.5	0.1	0.3	34.720
13	910123	4.8	4.3	0.1	4.2	*	0.1	34.721
12	910123	2.5	5.4	0.1	5.3	0.1	0.2	34.726
114	910123 910123 910123 910123 910123 910123	2.3	7.8	0.1	7.7	0.1	(1.2)	34.970

W-E Coast

s	tation	date	Si	TON	NO2	NO3	кнз	PO4	Salin.
	SB23	910121	. 4.7	9.0	0.1	8.9	0.4	0.9	33.264
	SB22	910121	4.9	6.5	0.1	6.4	0.2	1.1	33.317
	S B20	910121	4.1	10.7	0.1	10.6	2.2	1.9	33.318
	SB21	910121	2.5	6.9	0.1	6.8	0.5	0.9	33.334
	SB19	910121	5.4	12.6	0.1	12.5	2.0	1.8	33.384
	SB18	910121	4.7	11.1	0.1	11.0	0.6	1.5	33.506
	SB17	910121	1.8	8.7	0.1	8.6	0.9	1.2	33.767
	SB16	910121	•	15.2	0.3	14.9	2.7	2.3	33.837
	SB14	910121	2.7	6.6	0.1	6.5	0.1	0.9	33.870
	SB12	910121	2.4	8.0	0.1	7.9	0.1	0.9	33.875
	SB13	910121	2.4	4.2	0.1	4.1	0.1	0.9	33.881
	SB15	910121	14. 4	5.8	0.1	5.7	0.6	0.9	33.893
4	SB11	910121	2.6	6.0%	0.1	5.9	0.1	0.8	33.917
	5B10	910121	1.8	50.1	0.1	(50.1)	0.1	0.7	33.946
	SB9	910121	0.9	5.3	0.1	5.2	0.1	0.7	34.007
	SBS	910121	n.7	5.9	0.1	5.8	0.1	0.7	34.026

Irish Sea

station	N:P	N:Si	Si:P
MA17	•	•	5.0556
I31	10.455	2.01754	5.1818
MA14	*	•	4.8750
130	-8.500	2.50000	3.4000
129	7.857	3.14286	2.5000
128	6.769	3.38462	2.0000
127	143.000	1.74390	82.0000
125	8.182	1.91489	4.2727
124	5.294	1.83673	2.8824
126	4.167	3.40909	1.2222
123	194.000	2.17978	89.0000
122	5.067	2.05405	2.4667
I 17	4.286	1.76471	2.4286
121	4.786	2.03030	2.3571
118	4.538	1.73529	2.6154
120	6.400	2.06452	3.1000
116	6.300	2.10000	3.0000
· 119	6.889	2.1 3 793	3.2222
115	49.000	•	•
112	*	•	
111	48.000	2.28571	21.0000
16	11.200	2.80000	4.0000
17	8.571	2.85714	3.0000
. 18	9.167	2.89474	3.1667
110	58.000	2.00000	29.0000
] 9	55,000	1.77419	31.0000
1)	23.000.	0.88462	26.0000
15	48,000	•	
113	24.000	2.66667	9.0000
74	21.667	. 1.71053	12.6667
13	42.000	0.87500	48.0000
1.3	26.500	2.12000	12.5000
. 114	6.417	3.34783	(1.9167)

W-E Coast

station	N:P	N:Si	Si:P
SB23	9.8889	1.8936	5.22222
\$B22	5.8182	1.3061	4.45455
SB20	5.5789	2.5354	2.15789
SB21	7.5556	2.7200	2.77778
5510	6.2444	2.3140	3.00000
SB13	7.3333	2.3104	3.13333
SB17	7.1667	4.7778	1.50000
SB16	6.4783	•	•
SB14	7.2222	2.4074	3.00000
5B12	3.7778	3.2917	2.66667
SB13	4.5556	1.7003	2.66667.
SB15	6.3333	4.0714	1.55556
SB11	7.3750	2.2692	3.25000
SB10	(71.4286)	27.7778	2.57143
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APPENDIX 2

BASIC RESULTS

sio₂-si

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••	M	MEAN	St.Dev.	S.E.	MIN	MAX
15 19	4 0	19.65 32.89	15.17 31.64	3.92 7.26	2.70 4.70	49.6 111.1
44 22	1 2	35.82 54.42	38.97 40.38	5.88 8.61	3.00 9.20	164.0 126.8
30 80 15	3 2 1	3.86 8.58 2.87	2.08 3.99 1.52	0.38 0.45 0.39	1.80 0.20	9.10 23.90 5.40
	19 44 22 30 80	19 0 44 1 22 2 30 3 80 2	19 0 32.89 44 1 35.82 22 2 54.42 30 3 3.86 80 2 8.58	19 0 32.89 31.64 44 1 35.82 38.97 22 2 54.42 40.38 30 3 3.86 2.08 80 2 8.58 3.99	19 0 32.89 31.64 7.26 44 1 35.82 38.97 5.88 22 2 54.42 40.38 8.61 30 3 3.86 2.08 0.38 80 2 8.58 3.99 0.45	19 0 32.89 31.64 7.26 4.70 44 1 35.82 38.97 5.88 3.00 22 2 54.42 40.38 8.61 9.20 30 3 3.86 2.08 0.38 1.80 80 2 8.58 3.99 0.45 0.20

NO3-N

*	n	М	MEAN	St.Dev.	S.E.	MIN	MAX
Solway	13	6	46.80	39.20	10.90	10.9	115.4
Ribble	18	1	76.90	84.60	19.90	9.7	315.8
Mersey*	45	0	76.69	62.84	9.37	3.8	241.0
Dee	24	0	88.30	71.60	14.60	8.8	249.7
Irish Sea	30	3	7.26	3.32	0.61	2.3	19.4
N-S Coast	66	16	15.54	6.94	0.85	5.1	-39.3
W-E Coast	16	0	10.68	10.89	2.72	4.1	50.0

NH₃-N

	n	М	MEAN	St.Dev.	S.E.	MIN	MAX
Solway	14	5	3.83	2.32	0.62	1.40	8.1
Ribble	19	0	23.79	23.50	5.39	3.80	79.0
Mersey*	44	1	59.80	105.30	15.90	0.10	357.1
Dee	14	10	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.2
Irish Sea	29	4	0.21	0.43	0.08	0.10	1.9
N-S Coast	60	22	1.49	1.59	0.20	0.10	8.2
W-E Coast	16	0	0.71	0.92	0.23	0.10	2.7

PO4-P

	n	M	MEAN	St.Dev.	S.E.	MIN	MAX
Solway	15	4	1.52	0.41	0.11	1.10	2.40
Ribble	19	0	3.98	4.82	1.11	0.80	16.30
Mersey*	44	1	2.61	1.67	0.25	0.10	9.60
Dee	24	0	1.32	0.20	0.04	1.00	1.90
Irish Sea	33	0 0 0	0.79	0.61	0.11	0.10	1.80
N-S Coast	82		1.78	0.84	0.09	0.10	4.60
W-E Coast	16		1.13	0.48	0.12	0.70	2.30

Salinity

	n	М	MEAN	St.Dev.	S.E.	MIN	MAX
Solway	19	0	22.96	5.47	1.26	13.08	29.71
Ribble	18	1	23.84	9.29	2.19	1.13	31.17
Mersey*	40	5	26.31	6.94	1.10	4.25	32.96
Dee	21	3	24.64	7.99	1.74	8.22	34.06
Irish Sea	33	0 0 0	34.14	0.60	0.10	32.56	34.97
N-S Coast	82		31.51	1.21	0.13	26.77	33.60
W-E Coast	16		33.70	0.28	0.07	33.26	34.03

Where: n = number of sampling points

M = number of missing data St.Dev. = Standard Deviation

S.E. = Standard Error of the mean

MIN = minimum concentration MAX = maximum concentration N, P and Si are in μ mol/l

Salinity is in 0/00

* = sampling points from various sources

N:P

	n	M	MEAN	St.Dev.	S.E.	MIN	MAX
Solway	13	6	35.74	34.56	9.58	5.42	96.17
Ribble	18	1	42.10	71.60	16.90	0.70	315.80
Mersey*	44	1	40.55	64.32	9.70	2.24	362.00
Dee	24	0	63.23	45.17	9.22	8.00	142.07
Irish Sea "	28	0	28.57	42.34	7.73	4.17	194.00
N-S Coast	66	16	14.53	25.54	3.14	2.64	166.00
W-E Coast	16	0	11.14	16.13	4.03	4.56	71.43

N:Si

	n	М	MEAN	St.Dev.	S.E.	MIN	MAX
Solway	13	6	2.44	1.21	0.33	1.11	5.24
Ribble	18	1	3.10	2.00	0.47	0.17	8.83
Mersey*	44	1	2.73	1.33	0.20	0.47	9.13
Dee	22	2	1.52	0.33	0.07	0.75	1.97
Irish Sea	28	5	2.22	0.65	0.12	0.87	3.41
N-S Coast	64	18	2.42	1.65	0.21	0.64	8.22
W-E Coast	15	1	4.90	6.59	1.70	1.31	27.78

Si:P

1,3	n	М	MEAN	St.Dev.	S.E.	MIN	MAX
Solway	15	4	14.86	13.41	3.92	3.46	41.33
Ribble	19	0	16.15	24.98	5.73	2.76	111.00
Mersey*	43	2	14.82	23.73	3.62	3.54	160.00
Dee	22	2	38.42	25.36	5.41	8.36	77.40
Irish Sea	30	3	14.09	22.38	4.09	1.22	89.00
N-S Coast	80	2	7.37	11.75	1.31	1.00	79.00
W-E Coast	15	1	2.68	1.14	0.29	1.00	5.22

Where:

n = number of sampling points

M = number of missing data St.Dev. = Standard Deviation

S.E. = Standard Error of the mean

MIN = minimum concentration MAX = maximum concentration N, P and Si are in μ mol/1

Salinity is in o/oo

* = sampling points from various sources

· APPENDIX 3

LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS

sio₂ -si

1	n	Equation	*	R ²	p
Solway Ribble Mersey* Dee	15 18 39 19	Si = 67.4 - 2.01 Si = 113.0 - 3.30 Si = 183.0 - 5.58 Si = 179.0 - 4.95	S S	59.4 92.6 90.0 98.5	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
Irish Sea N-S Coast W-E Coast	30 80 15	Si = 84.0 - 2.35 Si = 56.6 - 1.52 Si = 151.0 - 4.40	S	45.7 19.8 68.9	0.000

NO3-N

4 12	n	Equation	R ²	p
Solway	13	N = 182.0 - 5.82 S	84.7	0.000
Ribble	17	N = 256.0 - 7.50 S	65.7	0.000
Mersey*	40	N = 277.0 - 7.56 S	63.1	0.000
Dee	21	N = 306.0 - 8.58 S	85.2	0.000
Irish Sea	30	N = 155.0 - 4.32 S	42.0	0.000
N-S Coast	66	N = 62.1 - 1.49 S	6.1	0.026
W-E Coast	15	N = - 147.0 + 4.70 S	0.0	0.652

NH_3-N

	n	Equation	R ²	p
Solway	14	N = 12.30 - 0.36 S	90.6	0.000
Ribble	18	N = 83.90 - 2.49 S	93.2	0.000
Mersey*	39	N = 445.0 - 14.50 S	83.4	0.000
Dee	11	all readings = 0.2	n/a	n/a
Irish Sea	29	N = 6.99 - 0.20 S	2.0	0.219
N-S Coast	60	N = 4.39 - 0.09 S	0.0	0.563
W-E Coast	16	N = 41.30 - 1.20 S	7.6	0.157

PO4-P

-				
	n	Equation	R ²	p
Solway	15	P = 0.52 + 0.04 S	32.4	0.016
Ribble	18	P = 12.90 - 0.37 S	45.0	0.004
Mersey*	39	P = 8.43 - 0.22 S	75.6	0.000
Dee	21	P = 1.82 - 0.02 S	56.0	0.000
Irish Sea	33	P = 22.90 - 0.65 S	38.0	0.000
N-S Coast	82	P = 11.50 - 0.31 S	18.7	0.000
W-E Coast	15	P = 24.20 - 0.68 S	10.1	0.123

Where:

S = Salinity in o/oo n = number of sampling points p = probability * = sampling points from various sources R² is in %, corrected for degree of freedom N, P and Si are in \(mu\)mol/1

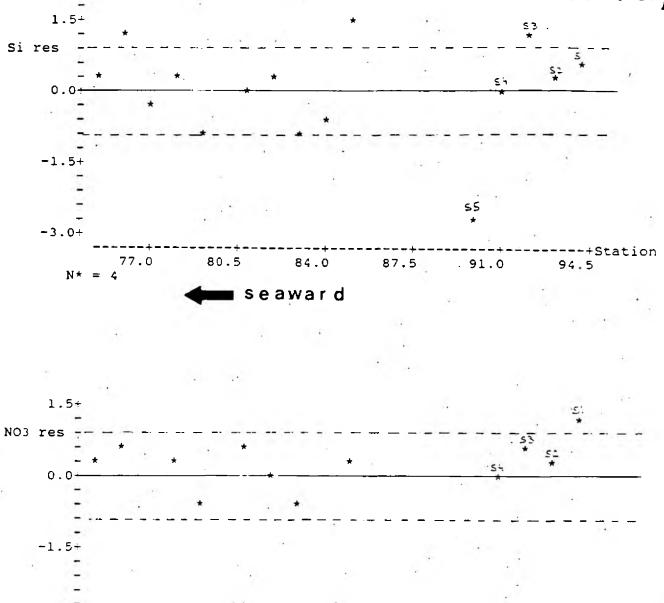
APPENDIX 4

RESIDUAL PLOTS

KEY:

res	residual values, i.e. difference between the observed and expected values, derived from the linear regression equations in Appendix 3.
	residual equals to zero
	residual standard deviation limits
N*	Number of missing data points
S	seaward
N -► S	North to South Coastal run
W E	West to East Coastal run

Solway

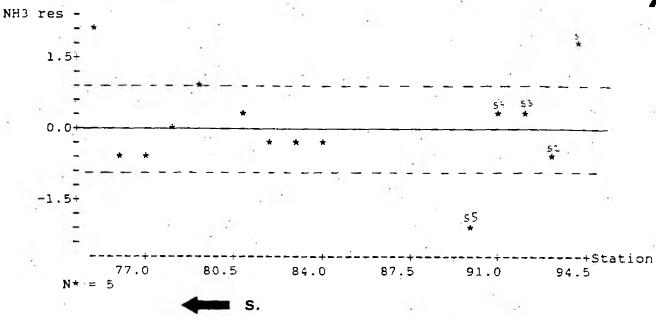


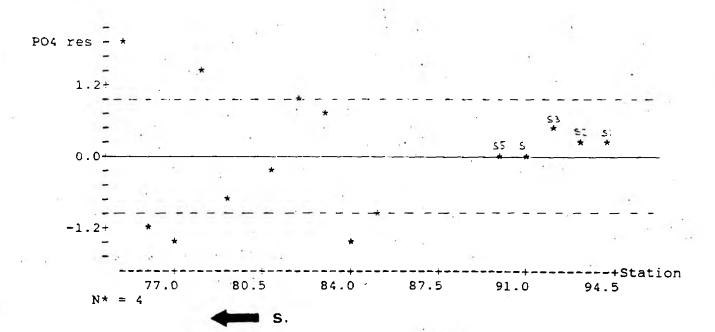
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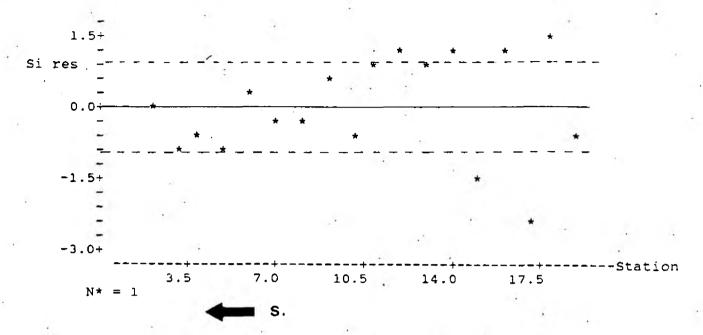
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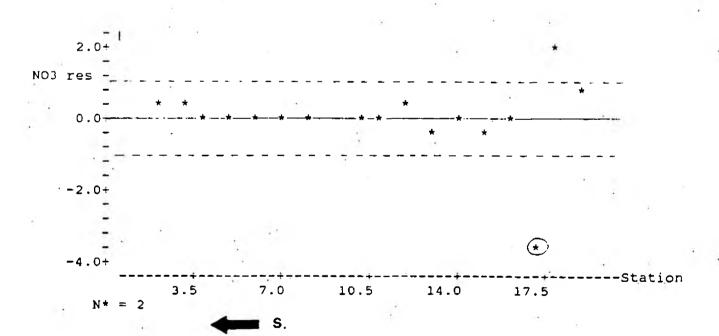
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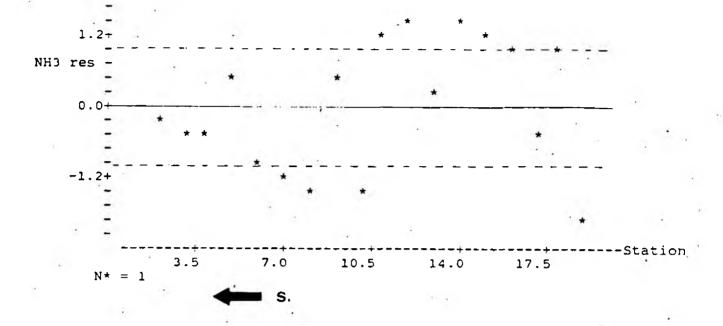


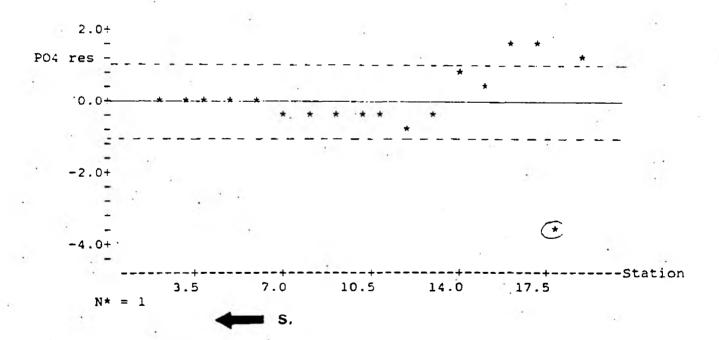
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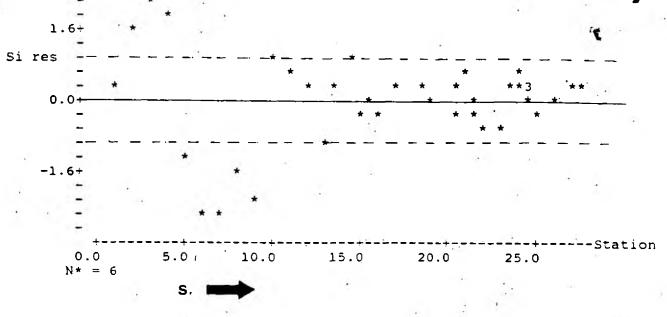


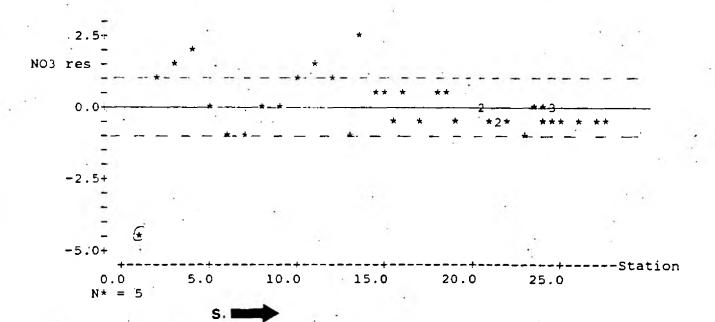
Ribble



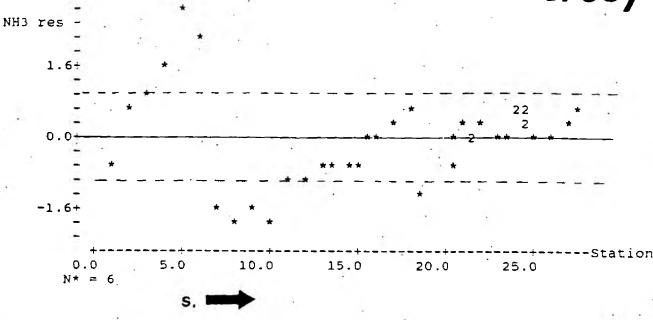


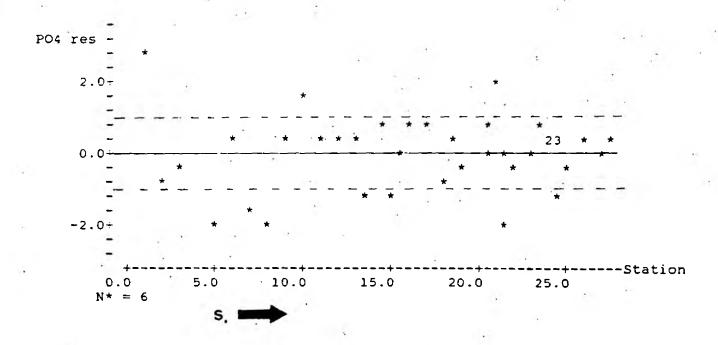
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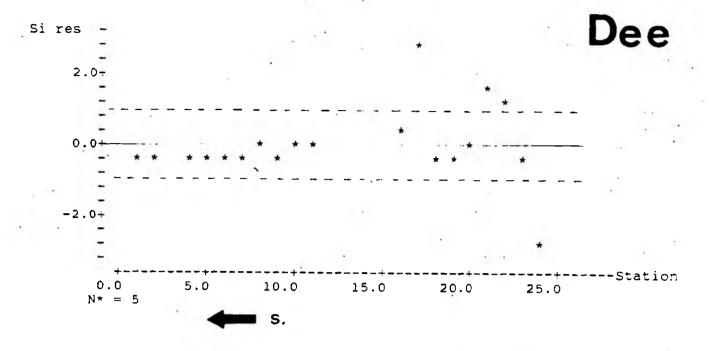


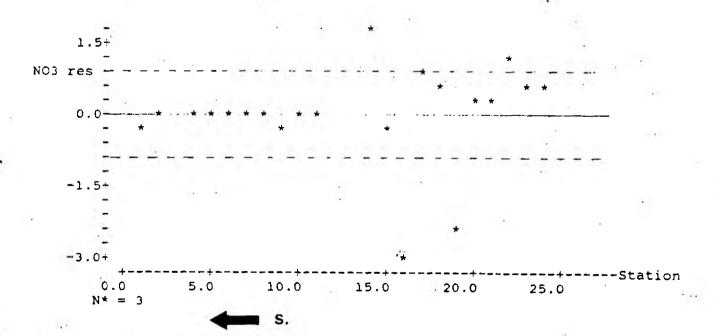


Mersey

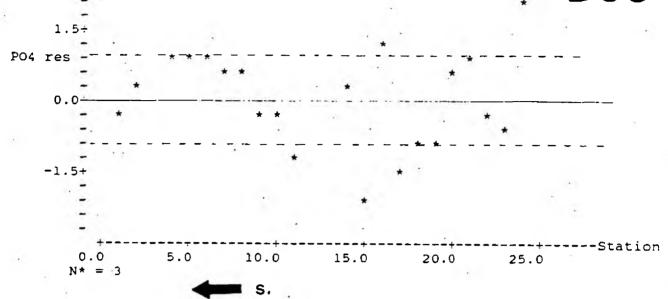




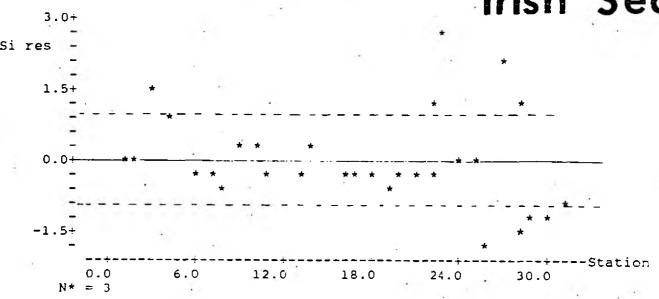


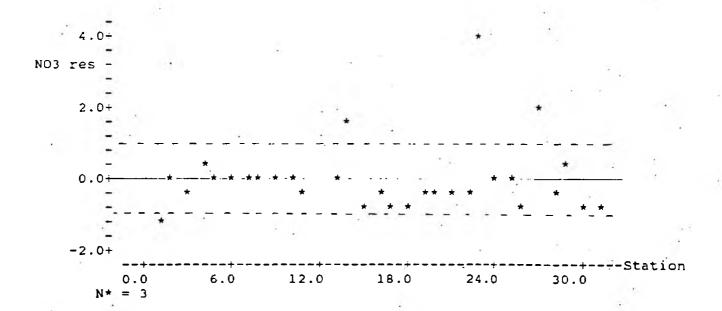


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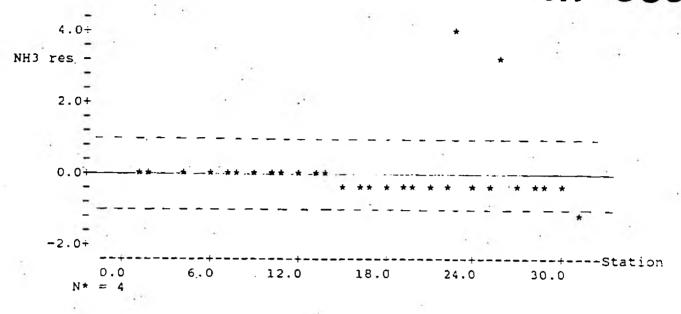


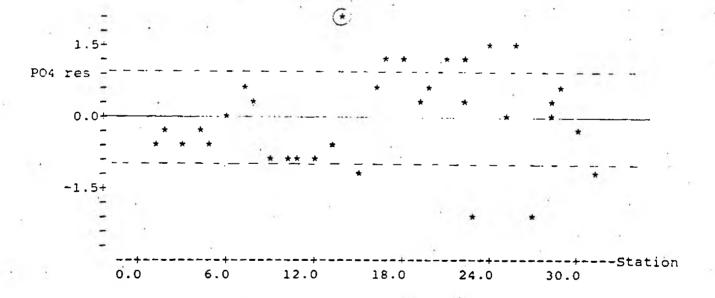
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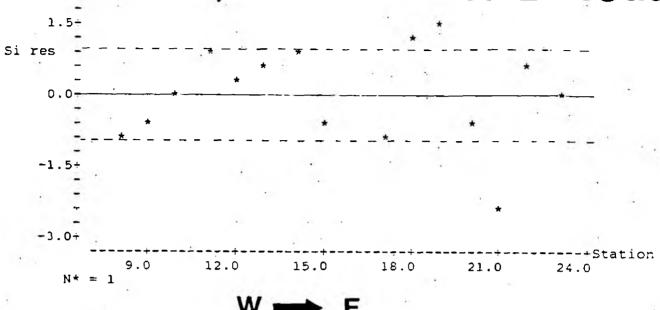


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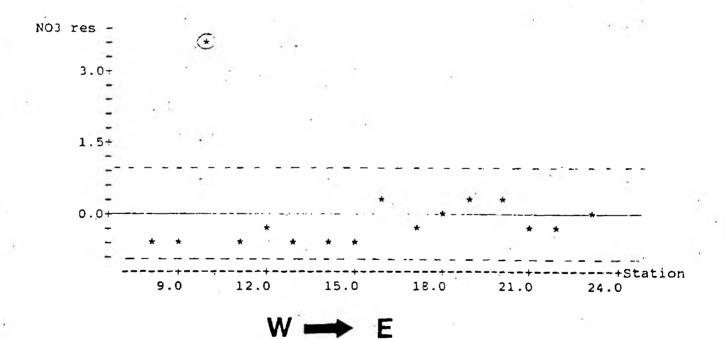




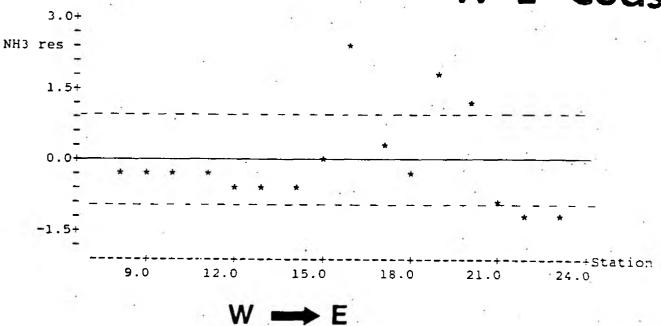
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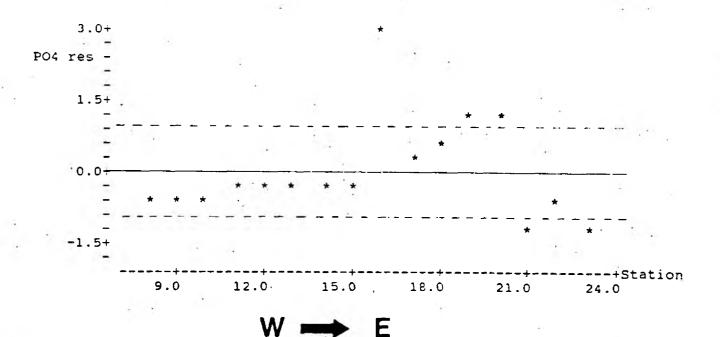




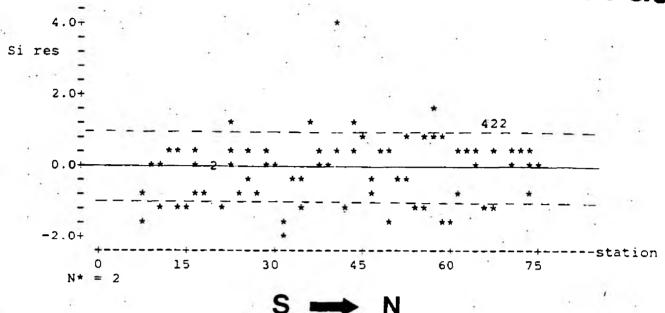


W-E Coast

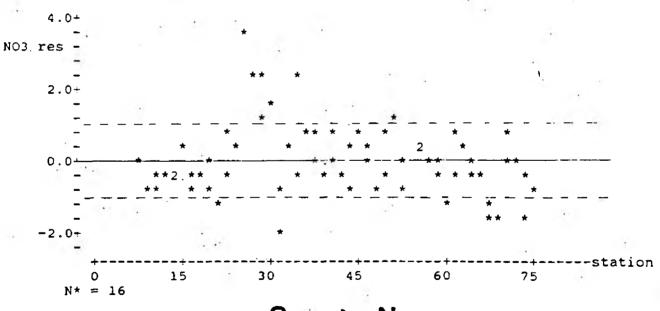




N-S Coast







N-S Coast

